Maria A. Avino-Diaz* (mavino@campus.ccm.itesm.mx), Ave. Universidad 2014, Venezuela F-1203, Copilco, Coyoacan, 04510 Mexico City, Mexico, and Luis D. Garcia (galuis@nmsu.edu), Department of Mathematical Sciences, MSC 3MB, P.O. Box 30001, Las Cruces, NM 88003-8001. A p-Bases Algorithm for Indecomposable $\mathbf{Z}_{p^{n}} C_{p}$-Modules.
Let $\mathbf{Z}_{p^{n}}$ be the ring of integers modulo $p^{n}, n \geq 2$, and $C_{p}=\left\langle x: x^{p}=1\right\rangle$ the cyclic group of order a prime number $p$. Let $\Lambda=\mathbf{Z}_{p^{n}} C_{p}$ be the group algebra over $\mathbf{Z}_{p^{n}}$. The problem of describing the finite modules of this group algebra has been considered by Szekeres (1949) and Nazarova-Roiter (1969). In both papers a description of the indecomposable modules is given. Aviñó and Bautista calculated the $\mathbf{Z}_{p^{n}}$-structure of the indecomposable $\Lambda$-modules $M$ without taking $p$-bases of the abelian $p$-group $M$. Instead of this modules are well studied, the matrices of $\phi=x-1 \in \Lambda$ and $\pi=x^{p-1}+\cdots+x+1 \in \Lambda$ are not known. In this work we introduce binomial ideals associated to finitely generated abelian groups, the descrition of reduced Gröbner bases of these ideals, and $p$-basis associated to the reduced Gröbner bases. We present algorithms which obtain a $p$-basis of the $\Lambda$-module $M$ and the matrices of $\phi$ and $\pi$ in this $p$-basis using the invariants of the $\Lambda$-module. (Received September 29, 2000)

