## 962-35-1384 **Robert E DeVille\*** (deville@math.bu.edu), Department of Mathematics, 111 Cummington Street, Boston, MA 02215. *Dimensional Reduction Algorithm for A Thin Domain*. Preliminary report.

We consider a thin domain  $\Omega = \omega \times [0, \pi d]$ , where d is a small thickness parameter and  $\omega$  a region in the plane. On  $\Omega$ , we consider a class of linear hyperbolic partial differential equations on this domain. We focus on the question: When can we replace our three-dimensional PDE defined on  $\Omega$  with a two-dimensional PDE defined on  $\omega$ , such that the dimensionally reduced equation tracks the behavior of the original equation sufficiently well (as measured in energy) for a sufficiently long time? We show that for d sufficiently small, we can do this, and we describe an algorithm for determining the two-dimensional PDE. Since solving these problems numerically can be computationally expensive, a reduction in dimension presents a clear computational savings. (Received October 03, 2000)