Meeting: 1003, Atlanta, Georgia, AMS CP 1, AMS Contributed Paper Session

1003-40-1237 Aaron C. Cinzori* (cinzori@hope.edu), Department of Mathematics, Hope College, P.O. Box 9000, Holland, MI 49423, and Thomas Scofield, Andrew Craker and Erin Wicker. Infinite Spirals and Polygonal Paths. Preliminary report.
Suppose that we are given the points $P_{0}, P_{1}$, and $P_{2}$ in the plane, the parameter $t \in(0,1)$, and the recurrence $P_{k+3}=$ $t P_{k}+(1-t) P_{k+1}$ for $k=0,1,2, \ldots$. The sequence $\left\{P_{n}\right\}_{n=0}^{\infty}$ converges to a point $P$. We will discuss when the piecewise linear spiral connecting these points has a length that may be represented in a natural way as a geometric series. We will also show that, when this is not the case, the length is in some sense asymptotic to a geometric series. (Received October 04, 2004)

