Meeting: 1003, Atlanta, Georgia, SS 16A, AMS Special Session on Inverse Spectral Geometry, I

1003-53-667 Eran Makover\* (makovere@ccsu.edu), Department of Mathematical Sciences, Central Connecticut State University, 1615 Stanley Street, New Britain, CT 06050, and Jeffrey McGowan (mcgowan@ccsu.edu), Department of Mathematical Sciences, Central Connecticut State University, 1615 Stanley Street, New Britain, CT 06050. Short Geodesic on Random Riemann surfaces. Preliminary report.

Short geodesic are impotent in the study of the geometry and the spectra of Riemann surfaces. Bers theorem gives a global bound on the length of the first 3g - 3 geodesics. We use the construction of Brooks and Makover of Random Riemann surfaces. To investigate the distribution of short geodesic, namely  $\langle \log(g) \rangle$  on a random Riemann surfaces. We calculate the expected value of the shortest geodesic, and get some estimates of the distribution of length of all the short geodesics. (Received September 27, 2004)