We will present several peculiar properties of graph sums, a novel tool in the study of multigraphs. Briefly put, a level $n$ graph sum is obtained by considering all $n$-colorings of the (labeled) vertices of a given multigraph $G$. To each edge we associate a certain $n$th root of unity based on the colors of its endpoints, then take the product over all edges in $G$. Summing this quantity over all $n$-colorings gives the value of the graph sum. We will focus on the case $n=3$, with the goal of demonstrating that exactly 81 of the 729 possible level three graph sums have the property that the algebraic norm of the graph sum value is always a power of 3 . We will also present preliminary findings and conjectures when $n \geq 4$. (Received September 03, 2007)

