1035-34-387Ronald E Mickens* (rohrs@math.gatech.edu), Clark Atlanta University, Box 1744 -
Department of Physics, Atlanta, GA 30314. Preliminary Results on Two New Oscillatory
Functions: Lcn(t) and Lsn(t). Preliminary report.

The differential equation $\ddot{x} + x^{1/3} = 0$ where $(\cdot) \equiv d/dt$, is an explicit example of a new class of nonlinear oscillator equation characterized by elastic forces depending on rational powers of the dependent variable [1]. We demonstrate, using two-dim phase-space techniques, that all solutions are periodic and calculate the exact period of the oscillations. In analogy to the solutions of the ODE, $\ddot{x} + x^3 = 0$, for which the solutions include the Jacobi "cosine" and "sine" elliptic functions [2], we define solutions Lcn(t) and Lsn(t) corresponding, respectively, to the initial conditions: x(0) = 1, $\dot{x}(0) = 0$ and x(0) = 0, $\dot{x}(0) = 1$. Several properties of these new functions are established.

The research reported here was supported in part by a grant from DOE.

References

[1] R. E. Mickens, Journal of Sound and Vibration **292** (2006), 964–968.

[2] R. E. Mickens, Oscillations in Planar Dynamic Systems (World Scientific, Singapore, 1996). (Received September 05, 2007)