1046-05-155 Victor O. Larsen* (vlarsen@middlebury.edu), 3501 Middlebury College, Middlebury, VT 05753. A Tree with Maximum Degree Three and Game Chromatic Number Four. Preliminary report.
We examine the following coloring game played on a graph $G$. Given a fixed positive integer $r$, Alice and Bob alternately color the vertices of $G$ with $r$ colors. Alice makes the first move. The game ends when no more vertices can be legally colored. A color $\alpha$ is legal for a vertex $u$ if no neighbors of $u$ are colored with $\alpha$. If the entire graph is eventually colored, Alice wins. If there exists any uncolored vertex with no legal color, then Bob wins. The least $r$ such that Alice has a winning strategy is called the game chromatic number of $G$. This parameter has been examined in many other papers, and it has been proven that every tree has game chromatic number at most 4 . We show that there exists a tree with maximum degree 3 on which Alice does not have a winning strategy using only 3 colors. This proves that there exists a tree with maximum degree 3 and game chromatic number 4. (Received August 07, 2008)

