1046-05-354 Elizabeth Reilly, Dept. of Applied Mathematics and Statistics, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD 21218, and Edward R. Scheinerman* (ers@jhu.edu), Dept. of Applied Mathematics and Statistics, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD 21218. Random threshold graphs.
A random threshold graph is a simple graph with vertex set $\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$ that is generated as follows: Let $x_{1}, x_{2}, \ldots, x_{n}$ be $n$ values chosen uniformly and independently from $[0,1]$. Join distinct vertices $u$ and $v$ by an edge if and only if $x_{u}+x_{v}>1$. We discuss various properties of random threshold graphs. For example, the probability that a random threshold graph on $n$ vertices has a Hamiltonian cycle is asymptotically $1 / \sqrt{2 \pi n}$. (Received August 27, 2008)

