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Anna K Savvopoulou* (as7202@albany.edu), 10 Queens Dr., Apt 404, Schenectady, NY 12304, and Karin Reinhold. Almost everywhere convergence of a case of weighted averages. Preliminary report.

Given a probability measure μ on \mathbb{Z} , Calderón and Bellow proved a weak type inequality for the maximal operator of $\mu_n(f(x)) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \mu^n(k) f(\sigma^k(x))$ where μ^n denotes the convolution product. This talk will focus on the case of a sequence

of probability measures on \mathbb{Z} ,denoted by $\{\mu_n\}$, obtained inductively in the following way, $\mu_1 = \nu_1$, $\mu_2 = \nu_1 * \nu_2$, ..., $\mu_n = \nu_1 * \nu_2 * \cdots * \nu_n$, where each one of the ν_i is in turn a strictly aperiodic probability measure on \mathbb{Z} with expectation 0 and finite second moment. We will discuss the almost everywhere convergence of the operators $\mu_n f(x) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \mu_n(k) f(\sigma^k x)$

for $f \in L^1(X)$ and $x \in X$. Throughout the talk σ will stand for a measure preserving transformation of a probability measure space X. (Received September 09, 2008)