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David G Larman* (d.larman@math.ucl.ac.uk), Gower Street, London, WC1E 6BT, England. Blocking numbers for $l_{p}$ balls in three dimensions. Preliminary report.
(Joint work with Selvinaz Szegin) The blocking number of a convex body $C$ in Euclidean Space is the minimum number of non-overlapping translates of $C$ which touch C and prevent, without overlapping, any other translate from touching $C$. A well known unsolved conjecture is that the blocking number of every convex body in 3 dimensions is at least 6 . Here we show that, for $l_{p}$ balls in 3 dimensions, $p<\infty$, the blocking number is at most 6 . (Received September 08, 2008)

