1056-00-435 Charles Dunn, David Morawski* (dmorawski@berkeley.edu) and Jennifer Nordstrom. The game chromatic index of trees.
The $(r, d)$-relaxed edge-coloring game is a two-player game played on the edge set of a graph $G$ with $r$ colors. The players alternate coloring the uncolored edges of $G$ such that every colored edge $e$ is adjacent to at most $d$ edges with the same color as $e$. The first player begins the game and wins if the graph is eventually colored with $r$ colors. Otherwise, there is some edge that cannot be colored and the second player wins. We consider this game on trees and show that, for any tree $T$ and $k \in[\Delta(T)-1]$, the first player has a winning strategy when $r=\Delta(T)-k$ and $d \geq 2 k+2$. (Received September 07, 2009)

