1056-11-500 Jorge F Sawyer* (sawyerj@lafayette.edu), Box 8681, 111 Quad Dr., Easton, PA 18042, and Clifford A Reiter (reiterc@lafayette.edu), Dept of Mathematics, Easton, PA 18042. Perfect Parallelepipeds Exist.
There are parallelepipeds with edge lengths, face diagonal lengths and body diagonal lengths all positive integers. In particular, there is a parallelepiped with edge lengths $271,106,103$, minor face diagonal lengths $101,266,255$, major face diagonal lengths $183,312,323$, and body diagonal lengths $374,300,278,272$. Searches for perfect parallelepipeds led to configurations satisfying necessary quadratic diophantine equations but which are not realizable in $\Re^{3}$; realizable configurations satisfy an additional sixth degree inequality. Brute force searches also give primitive perfect parallelepipeds with some some rectangular faces. (Received September 10, 2009)

