## 1056-49-1514Peter Elbau\* (peter.elbau@oeaw.ac.at), Johann Radon Institute for Computational, and<br/>Applied Mathematics, Altenbergerstrasse 69, A-4040 Linz, Austria. Sequential Lower<br/>Semi-Continuity of Non-Local Functionals.

From classical results of the calculus of variations, we know that the sequential lower semi-continuity of a functional  $\mathcal{J}$ on  $L^p(X)$  of the form  $\mathcal{J}(u) = \int_X f(x, u(x)) d\mu(x)$  can be directly expressed in terms of the function f. If we were e.g. looking for sequential lower semi-continuity with respect to the weak topology on  $L^p(X)$ , then f had to be convex in the second argument.

The aim of this talk will be to analyse non-local functionals  $\mathcal{J}$  on  $L^p(X)$  of the form

$$\mathcal{J}(u) = \int_X \int_X f(x, y, u(x), u(y)) d\mu(x) d\mu(y)$$

and see how far these classical results can be generalised. We will mainly focus on the conditions for the functional to be sequentially lower semi-continuous with respect to the weak topology on  $L^p(X)$ , which will turn out to be that the function f is (up to equivalence) separately convex in the third and fourth argument. (Received September 22, 2009)