1067-11-635 **J. Brandt Kronholm*** (bkronholm@smcm.edu), St. Mary's College of Maryland, Department of Mathematics, 18952 E. Fisher Rd, Saint Mary's City, MD 20686-3001. Ramanujan Congruence Properties of the Restricted Partition Function p(n, m).

Ramanujan-type congruences for the unrestricted partition function p(n) are well known and have been studied in great detail. p(n, m) is the restricted partition function that enumerates the number of partitions of n into exactly m parts.

The relationship between p(n) and p(n,m) is clear:

$$p(n) = p(n, 1) + p(n, 2) + \dots + p(n, n-1) + p(n, n).$$

Until recently, the existence of Ramanujan-type congruences have been virtually unknown for this function. Let ℓ be any odd prime. In this presentation we will establish explicit Ramanujan-type congruences for p(n,m) for $2 \le m \le \ell$ modulo any power of that prime ℓ^{α} . (Received September 12, 2010)