1067-34-940 John R. Graef* (john-graef@utc.edu), Department of Mathematics, The University of Tennessee at Chattanooga, Chattanooga, TN 37403, and Lingju Kong (lingju-kong@utc.edu) and Qingkai Kong (kong@math.niu.edu). Uniqueness and parameter dependence of positive solutions for systems of fractional boundary value problems.

Consider the fractional boundary value problem

$$-D_{0^{+}}^{\nu} \boldsymbol{u}(t) = \Lambda f(t, \boldsymbol{u}), \ t \in (0, 1),$$
$$\boldsymbol{u}^{(j)}(0) = 0, \ j = 0, \dots, n-2, \quad [D_{0^{+}}^{\alpha} \boldsymbol{u}(t)]_{t=1} = 0,$$

where $m \ge 1$ and $n \ge 3$ are integers, $n-1 < \nu \le n, 1 \le \alpha \le n-2, \boldsymbol{u}(t) = (u_1(t), \dots, u_m(t))^T, f(\boldsymbol{u}) = (f_1(\boldsymbol{u}), \dots, f_m(\boldsymbol{u}))^T,$ $\Lambda = \text{diag } [\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_m],$ and D_{0+}^{β} is the Riemann-Liouville fractional derivative of order β . Criteria for the existence and uniqueness of positive solutions are obtained and the dependence of positive solutions on Λ is discussed. Some recent results from mixed monotone operator theory are used in the proofs. (Received September 16, 2010)