1067-51-1996 Shing S So* (so@ucmo.edu), Dept. of Math. \& Comp. Sci., University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg, MO 64093. Morley $i \triangle$, Morley e $\triangle$, and their Mother Triangle.
Let $\triangle A B C$ denote any triangle. Then the triangles whose vertices are given by the points of intersection of the nearside trisectors of $\angle A, \angle B$, and $\angle C$ and the points of intersection of the nearside trisectors of the exterior angles at $A, B$, and $C$ are two equilateral triangles. These triangles are sometimes referred as Morley $\triangle i$ and Morley $\triangle e$ since their vertices lie in the interior and exterior of the mother triangle $\triangle A B C$, respectively. In this paper, we discuss how the Morley $\triangle i$ and Morley $\triangle e$ can be used to characterize the mother triangle. (Received September 22, 2010)

