1067-Z1-2207 Louis Deaett* (deaett@math.uvic.ca), Dept of Mathematics and Statistics, University of Victoria, P.O. Box 3060 STN CSC, Victoria, BC V8W 3R4, Canada. Vector coloring of graphs. Starting with a finite graph, we wish to 'color' each vertex with a vector from $\mathbb{C}^{k}$ in such a way that two vertices are adjacent if and only if the vectors assigned to them are not orthogonal. The salient question is: For a given graph, for how small a $k$ is this possible? We will present some recent results on this problem and discuss its relationship with other problems in combinatorial matrix analysis. (Received September 22, 2010)

