1025-05-230Zoltan Furedi\* (z-furedi@math.uiuc.edu), University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign,<br/>Urbana, IL 61801. A proof of the stability of extremal graphs.

We present a concise, contemporary proof (i.e., one using Szemerédi's regularity lemma) for the following classical stability result of Simonovits 1968:

If an *n*-vertex *F*-free graph *G* is almost extremal, chr(F) = p + 1, then the structure of *G* is close to a *p*-partite Turán graph. More precisely, for every graph *F* and  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exists a  $\delta > 0$  and a bound  $n_0$  (depending on *F* and  $\varepsilon$ ) such that if  $n > n_0$  and

$$e(G) > (1 - \frac{1}{p})\binom{n}{2} - \delta n^2$$

then one can change (add and delete) at most  $\varepsilon n^2$  edges of G and obtain a complete p-partite graph. (Received January 23, 2007)