1077-05-2062 Svante Linusson* (linusson@math.kth.se). On the bunkbed conjecture and related problems. I will describe what is known about a problem on percolation on product graphs $G \times K_2$. Here G is any finite graph and K_2 consists of two vertices $\{0, 1\}$ connected by an edge. In edge percolation every edge in $G \times K_2$ is present with probability p. An old conjecture, dating at least to Kateleyn in 1985, says that for all G and p the probability in this situation that (u, 0) is in the same component as (v, 0) is greater than the probability that (u, 0) is in the same component as (v, 1) for every pair of vertices u, v in G.

In recent work this conjecture was generalized in several steps and similar statements for randomly directed graphs were formulated and proved. The methods lead in particular to a proof of the original conjecture for outerplanar graphs G. (Received September 21, 2011)