## Hanna Astephan, Solly Parenti, Joe Varilone, Nick Wasylyshyn and Ben Zinberg*

 (bzinberg@mit.edu), 3 Ames St. \#M508, Cambridge, MA 02142, and Michael Zieve. Common Values of Polynomials Over Finite Fields. Preliminary report.Let $K$ be the finite field of $q$ elements, $K_{i}$ its degree- $i$ extension, and $f$ and $g$ polynomials in $K[x]$ of degree at most $n$. We provide several results and examples about the possibilities for $N$, where $N$ is the cardinality of the intersection of the image sets $f(K)$ and $g(K)$. For instance, there are positive constants $a_{n}$ and $b_{n}$, which depend only on $n$, such that either $N<2 n$ or $N>a_{n} q-b_{n} s q r t q$. Moreover, if $f(K)=g(K)$ and $q$ is larger than some explicit function of $n$, then there are infinitely many $i$ for which $f\left(K_{i}\right)=g\left(K_{i}\right)$. If additionally $f$ and $g$ have prime degree, then there are very few possibilities for the monodromy group of $f$ (which equals the monodromy group of $g$, except when $f$ and $g$ come from a known list of polynomials). By combining calculations inside the possible monodromy groups with factorization arguments, we obtain a partial classification of all such polynomials $f$ and $g$. On the other hand, there are rational functions $f, g \in K(x)$ such that $f\left(K_{i}\right)$ equals $g\left(K_{i}\right)$ for even $i$, but $f\left(K_{i}\right)$ and $g\left(K_{i}\right)$ are disjoint for odd $i$. Our results depend on various ingredients, including deep group-theoretic results and a new function field analogue of the Frobenius Density Theorem. (Received September 25, 2012)

