Behailu Mammo* (matbzm@hofstra.edu), 168 Greengrove Ave, Uniondale, NY 11553, and Arulappah Eswarthasan. On the one-third squares in the psudo-Lucas sequence.
For each integer $n \geq 1$, psudo-Lucas numbers are defined by

$$
U_{1}=1, \quad U_{2}=6, \quad U_{n+2}=U_{n+1}+U_{n}
$$

In this talk, we will show that none of psudo-Lucas numbers is of the form $3 m^{2}$, where $m$ is an integer. (Received September 16, 2012)

