1047-20-369 Lev Glebsky* (glebsky@cactus.iico.uaslp.mx), Department of Math., University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, 1409 West Green Street, Urbana, IL 61801, and L.M. Rivera. Sofic groups and profinite topology on free groups.

The notion of sofic groups was introduced by M. Gromov in relation with the "surjunctivity" problem of cellular automata due to Gottschalk. It is an open question if there is a non-sofic group. We show the relation of sofic groups with the profinite topology on a free group.

We give a definition of weakly sofic groups (w-sofic groups). Our definition is a rather natural extension of the definition of sofic groups where instead of the Hamming metric on symmetric groups we use general bi-invariant metrics on finite groups. Let F be a finitely generated free group and $N \triangleleft F$. Then F/N is w-sofic if and only if for any finite sequence $g_1, g_2, ..., g_k \in N$ one has $\overline{[g_1]^F[g_2]^F...[g_k]^F} \subseteq N$. Where \overline{X} denotes the closure of X in the profinite topology on F. (Received February 02, 2009)