## 1125-57-731 Charles Frohman\* (charles-frohman@uiowa.edu), Department of Mathematics, The University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA 52242, and Joanna Kania-Bartoszynska and Thang Le. Representations of the Kauffman bracket skein algebra at roots of unity.

Let F be a finite type surface,  $\zeta$  a primitive *n*th root of unity. The Kauffman bracket skein algebra  $K_{\zeta}(F)$  is a noncommutative algebra built from equivalence classes of framed links in  $F \times [0, 1]$  modulo the Kauffman bracket skein relations with the variable set to be  $\zeta$ . The product comes from stacking. If  $n = 2 \pmod{4}$ , then the center of  $K_{\zeta}(F)$  is a finite extension of the coordinate ring of the  $SL_2\mathbb{C}$ -character variety of the fundamental group of F. If n is odd, the center of  $K_{\zeta}(F)$  is a finite extension of the coordinate ring of that part of the  $PSL_2\mathbb{C}$ -character variety of the fundamental group of F coming from representations that lift to  $SL_2\mathbb{C}$ .

We prove that there is a nonempty Zariski open subset  $V_c$  of the maximal spectrum of the center of  $K_{\zeta}(F)$  that parameterizes a family of irreducible representations of  $K_{\zeta}(F)$  all having the same dimension. If  $m = \frac{n}{gcd(n,4)}$ , if  $n \neq 0$ (mod 4), and F has at least one puncture the dimension of these representations is  $m^{\frac{-3e(F)-p}{2}}$  where e(F) is the Euler characteristic of F and p is the number of punctures. (Received September 10, 2016)