1116-01-782 Glen R Van Brummelen* (gvb@questu.ca), 3200 University Boulevard, Squamish, BC V0N 1T0, Canada. Al-Kashi's Two Methods for Finding $\sin 1^{\circ}$.
Jamshīd al-Kāshī, a mathematical astronomer in Ulugh Beg's court at Samarqand in the early 15th century, devised a well-known method for computing $\sin 1^{\circ}$ - the fundamental quantity for constructing trigonometric tables - that has been compared to fixed-point iteration. Less known is another method found in his great astronomical handbook of a decade earlier, the $K h \bar{a} q \bar{a} n \bar{\imath} Z \bar{\imath} j$. The dramatic differences between the two methods highlight falling disciplinary boundaries within mathematics, leading to a mathematical landscape much more familiar to modern readers. (Received September 12, 2015)

