1116-05-1384 Selene Chew* (sec6971@rit.edu), School of Mathematical Sciences, Rochester Institute of Technnology, Rochester, NY 14612. A graph theoretic approach to the inverse voter preference voter problem.

In referendum elections, voters are often required to cast simultaneous votes on multiple questions or proposals. The separability problem occurs when a voter's preferences on the outcome of one or more proposals depend on the predicted outcomes of other proposals. The character of a voter's preferences describes the interdependence relationships (for that voter) between the sets of proposals in the election. While it is easy to determine the character of a voter's preferences, the inverse problem—that is, finding a voter whose preferences have a given, pre-determined character—is much more challenging. In this talk, we will describe a graph theoretic approach to character construction, defining the character spectrum of a graph and investigating related theoretical and computational results. This work was completed as part of the Summer Mathematics REU at Grand Valley State University. (Received September 19, 2015)