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Partially answering a question of Seymour, we show that if the second largest eigenvalue of a  $d$ -regular graph is at most  $d - \frac{2k-1}{d+1}$ , then the graph contains at least  $k$  edge-disjoint spanning trees (for  $k = 2$  or  $3$ ). We construct examples of  $d$ -regular graphs that show that our eigenvalue bounds are essentially best possible. We conjecture that the above eigenvalue condition is sufficient for the existence of  $k$  edge-disjoint spanning trees for any  $k < d/2$ . (Received January 10, 2012)