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Ubiratan D'Ambrosio* (ubi@usp.br), Rua Peixoto Gomide, 1772 ap.83, São Paulo SP, 01409-002, Brazil. *Mathematical relations between the USA and Brazil in the Early Post World War II Era.*

The paper briefly describes the development of mathematics research in Brazil, under the influence of Portugal and France, and the Italian influence preceding World War II. After the end of World War II a brief presence of French mathematicians preceded an intensification of the relations with the USA. The main focus of the paper is the development of these relations. There is a brief exposition of the activities of the Rockefeller Foundation, of the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation and of the Fulbright Scholarship Program in support of Mathematics scholarship in Brazil. Special attention will be given to the creation of the I.T.A. (Aeronautical Technology Institute), in 1950, and the influence of the M.I.T. There is also a report on the creation of the CNPq (National Research Council) and of its Mathematical Institute, the IMPA, in 1957. The main focus of the paper is the influence of American mathematicians, specially A. Adrian Albert (1948) and Marshall H. Stone (1949), in the development of Mathematics in Brazil. (Received January 10, 2012)