

1080-05-261

**Sandra Kingan\*** ([skingan@brooklyn.cuny.edu](mailto:skingan@brooklyn.cuny.edu)), Department of Mathematics, Brooklyn College, CUNY, 2900 Bedford Avenue, New York, NY 11210, and **Manoel Lemos** ([manoel@dmf.ufpe.br](mailto:manoel@dmf.ufpe.br)), Departamento de Matematica, Universidade Federal de Pernambuco, Recife, Pernambuco 50740-540, Brazil. *Strong Splitter Theorem.*

We present a strengthening of the Splitter Theorem and some of its applications to excluded minor results. The Splitter Theorem states that, if  $N$  is a 3-connected proper minor of a 3-connected matroid  $M$  such that, if  $N$  is a wheel or whirl then  $M$  has no larger wheel or whirl, respectively, then there is a sequence  $M_0, \dots, M_n$  of 3-connected matroids with  $M_0 \cong N$ ,  $M_n = M$  and for  $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ ,  $M_i$  is a single-element extension or coextension of  $M_{i-1}$ . Observe that there is no condition on how many extensions may occur before a coextension must occur. We strengthen it, as a result of which we can obtain, up to isomorphism,  $M$  starting with  $N$  and at each step doing a 3-connected single-element extension or coextension, such that at most two consecutive single-element extensions occur in the sequence (unless the rank of the matroids involved are  $r(M)$ ). Moreover, if two consecutive single-element extensions by elements  $\{e, f\}$  are followed by a coextension by element  $g$ , then  $\{e, f, g\}$  form a triad in the resulting matroid. (Received January 29, 2012)