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Ten patient Electroencephalogram (EEG) recordings were selected from a study conducted at a Lubbock hospital. These recordings include 2 normal and 8 abnormal EEGs, which were stripped of personal identifying information. Recent publications indicate that sonification (converting data to sound) allows the human ear to analyze series data and detect irregularities that might otherwise go unnoticed. Since brain rhythms are typically lower than the human hearing range, signal-processing techniques, including but not limited to modulation, Fourier transforms, wavelet analysis, and digital filtering, will be applied to convert EEGs to sound. Our objective is to demonstrate that in addition to traditional visual analysis, auditory acuity may be useful in the analysis of EEGs and aid in the early detection of abnormal EEG activity. The project will be a success if an algorithmic approach to sonification leads to the identification of important features of the EEGs by listening to the transformed signal (Received February 05, 2014)