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Given a group  $G$  in terms of generators and relations,  $\langle x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n : r_1, r_2, \dots, r_n \rangle$ , we say that this is an  $n$ -Artin presentation if it satisfies the following equation

$$\prod_{i=1}^n r_i^{-1} x_i r_i = \prod_{i=1}^n x_i$$

in the free group  $F_n$  ( $:= F(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ ). This was introduced by F. González-Acuña in 1974. He proved that if a closed orientable 3-manifold is obtained by integral Dehn surgery on a closed pure  $n$ -braid, then its fundamental group has in a natural way an  $n$ -Artin presentation, and conversely, from an  $n$ -Artin presentation, we can recover a framed closed pure  $n$ -braid and then a 3-manifold  $M$ . In this poster I give a description and classification of positive Artin presentations, that is, of presentations in which each relator  $r_i$  is a positive word. In particular a characterization is given of the positive presentations, which says that if the fundamental group of a 3-manifold obtained by Dehn surgery on a closed pure  $n$ -braid admits a positive Artin presentation then the closed pure  $n$ -braid is strongly invertible. Also, an example is given of a 3-manifold whose fundamental group does not admit any positive Artin presentation. (Received May 14, 2013)