We present recent results on cloaking due to anomalous localized resonance for general charge density distributions. We prove that the power dissipated in a superlens diverges as certain dissipation parameters in the superlens tend to zero and when certain charge density distributions are located within a critical distance of the superlens. The critical distance strongly depends on the rate at which the dissipation parameters in the materials surrounding the superlens tend to zero. (Received February 09, 2015)