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**Jonathan D. H. Smith** and **Stefanie G. Wang\*** (sgwang@iastate.edu). *Isomorphism problems for linear quasigroups.*

For a commutative ring  $S$ , a quasigroup  $Q$  is said to be  $S$ -linear if  $Q$  has an  $S$ -module structure, with  $x \cdot y = x^R + y^L$  for  $S$ -automorphisms  $R$  and  $L$  of  $Q$ . By definition, homomorphisms of  $S$ -linear quasigroups are module homomorphisms that respect the quasigroup structure.

Our primary concern is the isomorphism problem for finitely generated  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear quasigroups. While finite-dimensional  $\mathbb{C}$ -linear quasigroups are classified up to isomorphism by ordinary characters, non-isomorphic finitely generated  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear quasigroups may complexify to isomorphic  $\mathbb{C}$ -linear quasigroups. We present a subclass of  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear quasigroups where isomorphic complexifications imply a permutational similarity of the  $\mathbb{Z}$ -linear quasigroups involved. (Received August 08, 2016)