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Let  $D$  be an integral domain and let  $a, b, c, d, e$  be nonzero elements of  $D$ . The fraction  $c/d$  is in (strongest) lowest terms if  $\gcd(a, b) = 1$  ( $\text{lcm}(a, b) = ab$ ). The fraction  $a/b$  can be put in (strongest) lowest terms if  $a/b = c/d$  where  $c/d$  is in (strongest) lowest terms and can be reduced to (strongest) lowest terms if there is an  $e$  with  $c = a/e$  and  $d = b/e$ . We investigate when a fraction  $a/b$  can be put or reduced to (strongest) lowest terms and integral domains for which each fraction  $a/b$  can be put or reduced to (strongest) lowest terms. (Received August 16, 2016)