1141-05-71 Wing Hong Tony Wong* (wong@kutztown.edu), 15200 Kutztown Road, Kutztown, PA 19530, and Grant Fickes (gfick710@live.kutztown.edu), 15200 Kutztown Road, Kutztown, PA 19530. The Edge-Distinguishing Chromatic Number of Spider Graphs with Three Legs or Bounded Leg Lengths.
The edge-distinguishing chromatic number $\lambda(G)$ of a simple graph $G$ is the minimum number of colors $k$ assigned to the vertices in $V(G)$ such that each edge $\left\{u_{i}, u_{j}\right\}$ corresponds to a different set $\left\{c\left(u_{i}\right), c\left(u_{j}\right)\right\}$. Al-Wahabi et al. derived an exact formula for the edge-distinguishing chromatic number of a path and of a cycle. We derive an exact formula for the edge-distinguishing chromatic number of a spider graph with three legs and of a spider graph with $\Delta$ legs whose lengths are between 2 and $\frac{\Delta+3}{2}$. (Received July 16, 2018)

