

1167-17-117

**Kailash Chandra Misra** ([misra@ncsu.edu](mailto:misra@ncsu.edu)), Department of Mathematics, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695, and **Suchada Pongprasert\***, Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, Srinakharinwirot University, Bangkok, 10110, Thailand.  $D_6^{(1)}$ -geometric crystal at spin node and its ultra-discretization.

Let  $\mathfrak{g}$  be an affine Lie algebra with index set  $I = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, n\}$  and  $\mathfrak{g}^L$  be its Langlands dual. It is conjectured that for each Dynkin node  $k \in I \setminus \{0\}$  the affine Lie algebra  $\mathfrak{g}$  has a positive geometric crystal whose ultra-discretization is isomorphic to the limit of certain coherent family of perfect crystals for  $\mathfrak{g}^L$ . We prove this conjecture for  $k = 6$  and  $\mathfrak{g} = D_6^{(1)}$ . (Received March 01, 2021)