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**MATHEMATICAL  
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Volume 71

Introduction to  
the Spectral Theory  
of Polynomial  
Operator Pencils

A. S. Markus



**American Mathematical Society**

Translations of

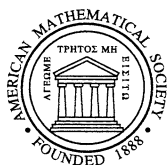
# MATHEMATICAL MONOGRAPHS

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Volume 71

## Introduction to the Spectral Theory of Polynomial Operator Pencils

A. S. Markus



**American Mathematical Society**  
Providence, Rhode Island

АЛЕКСАНДР СЕМЕНОВИЧ МАРКУС  
ВВЕДЕНИЕ В СПЕКТРАЛЬНУЮ ТЕОРИЮ  
ПОЛИНОМИАЛЬНЫХ ОПЕРАТОРНЫХ ПУЧКОВ

«ШТИИИЦА», КИШИНЕВ, 1986

Translated from the Russian by H. H. McFaden

Translation edited by Ben Silver

2000 *Mathematics Subject Classification*. Primary 47–XX.

ABSTRACT. This monograph contains an exposition of the foundations of the spectral theory of polynomial operator pencils acting in a Hilbert space. The main attention is given to the fundamental results of Keldysh on multiple completeness of the eigenvectors and associated vectors of a pencil and on the asymptotic behavior of its eigenvalues, as well as to generalizations of these results. Various theorems on spectral factorization of pencils are presented which are a development of known results of M. G. Kreĭn and Heinz Langer. A large portion of the book involves the theory of selfadjoint pencils, which has numerous applications. This book is intended for mathematicians, workers in mechanics, and theoretical physicists interested in spectral theory and its applications.

Bibliography: 370 titles

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**Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data**

Markus, A. S. (Aleksandr Semenovich), 1932–

Introduction to the spectral theory of polynomial operator pencils.

Translations of mathematical monographs; v. 71

Translation of: Vvedenie v spektral'nuĭ teoriiu polinomial'nykh operatornykh puchkov.

Bibliography: pp. 229–246.

Includes index.

1. Polynomial operator pencils. 2. Spectral theory (Mathematics). I. Title. II. Series.

QA329.2.M3713 1988

515.7'246

88-23499

ISBN 0-8218-4523-3

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AMS softcover ISBN: 978-0-8218-9082-0

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APPENDIX\*

## On the Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions of Certain Classes of Nonselfadjoint Equations

M. V. KELDYSH

1. In an appropriate Hilbert space, all the equations considered below can be reduced to the form

$$y = L(\lambda)y + f, \quad L(\lambda) = K_0 + \lambda K_1 + \dots + \lambda^n K_n, \quad (1)$$

where  $y$  and  $f$  are elements of the Hilbert space,  $\lambda$  is a complex parameter, and the  $K_i$  are compact operators.\*

A compact operator  $R(\lambda)$  is the resolvent of  $L(\lambda)$  if  $(E + R)(E - L) = E$ . If the resolvent exists for some  $\lambda = \lambda_0$ , it is a meromorphic function of  $\lambda$  on the whole plane. We say that  $y$  is an eigenelement for the eigenvalue  $\lambda = c$ , and that  $y_1, \dots, y_k$  are elements associated with it (or associated elements) if

$$y = L(c)y, \quad y_k = L(c)y_k + \frac{1}{1!} \frac{\partial L(c)}{\partial c} y_{k-1} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \frac{\partial^k L(c)}{\partial c^k} y. \quad (2)$$

Note that if  $y$  is an eigenelement and  $y_1, \dots, y_k$  are elements associated with it, then  $y(t) = e^{ct}(y_k + y_{k-1}t/1! + \dots + y_1 t^k/k!)$  is a solution of the equation  $y = K_0 y + K_1 \partial y / \partial t + \dots + K_n \partial^n y / \partial t^n$ .

If  $\lambda = c$  is a pole of the resolvent  $R(\lambda)$ , then the principal part of the resolvent is a sum of terms of the form (by  $yz$  we understand the operator  $Af = (f, z)y$ )

$$\frac{y^{(i)} z^{(i)}}{(\lambda - c)^{m_i}} + \frac{y_1^{(i)} z_1^{(i)} + y_1^{(i)} z^{(i)}}{(\lambda - c)^{m_i - 1}} + \dots + \frac{y^{(i)} z_{m_i - 1}^{(i)} + y_1^{(i)} z_{m_i - 2}^{(i)} + \dots + y_{m_i - 1}^{(i)} z^{(i)}}{\lambda - c}, \quad (3)$$

where  $y^{(i)}$  and  $y_1^{(i)}, \dots, y_{m_i - 1}^{(i)}$  are an eigenfunction and functions associated with it for equation (1), while  $z^{(i)}$  and  $z_1^{(i)}, \dots, z_{m_i - 1}^{(i)}$  are an eigenfunction

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\*This appendix, appearing here under the direction of the Translations Committee of the American Mathematical Society, is a translation of [150] (MR 12, 835).

and functions associated with it for  $\lambda = \bar{c}$  for the adjoint equation  $z = L^*(\lambda)z$ , where  $L^*(\lambda)$  is the adjoint of  $L(\bar{\lambda})$ .

For each eigenvalue, the eigenfunctions and associated functions that appear in the expression (3) for a pole of the resolvent can always be chosen so that, for  $k = 0, \dots, m_i - 1$  and  $l = 0, \dots, m_j - 1$ , all the eigenfunctions and associated functions of equation (1) satisfy

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} Y_{\nu k}^{(i)} c_j^\nu, z_l^{(j)} \right) + \left( \sum_{\nu=1}^{n-1} \binom{\nu}{1} Y_{\nu k}^{(i)} c_j^{\nu-1}, z_{l-1}^{(j)} \right) \\ & + \dots + \left( \sum_{\nu=l}^{n-1} \binom{\nu}{l} Y_{\nu k}^{(i)} c_j^{\nu-l}, z_l^{(j)} \right) = \delta_{ij} \delta_{k, m_j - l - 1}, \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

where

$$(E - L(\lambda)) \left( \frac{y^{(i)}}{(\lambda - c)^{k+1}} + \frac{y_1^{(i)}}{(\lambda - c)^k} + \dots + \frac{y_k^{(i)}}{\lambda - c} \right) = \sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} Y_{\nu k}^{(i)} \lambda^\nu. \quad (5)$$

The number  $N$  of eigenfunctions and associated functions corresponding to a pole of the resolvent is called the *multiplicity* of the eigenvalue. Note that the trace of the principal part of the operator  $(\partial L / \partial \lambda)R(\lambda)$  for the pole  $\lambda = c$  is equal to  $N/(c - \lambda)$ .

Starting from the eigenelements and associated elements satisfying (4), we construct  $n$  systems of eigenelements and associated elements

$$u_{\nu k}^{(i)} = \left[ \frac{d^\nu}{dt^\nu} e^{c_i t} \left( y_k^{(i)} + y_{k-1}^{(i)} \frac{t}{1!} + \dots + y^{(i)} \frac{t^k}{k!} \right) \right]_{t=0}, \quad \nu = 0, 1, \dots, n - 1.$$

**DEFINITION.** A system of eigenelements and associated elements of equation (1) is said to be *n-fold complete* if every system of  $n$  elements  $f_1, \dots, f_n$  of the Hilbert space can be represented as a limit of linear combinations  $f_\nu^{(N)} = \sum a_{kN}^{(i)} u_{\nu-1, k}^{(i)}$ ,  $\nu = 1, \dots, n$ , with coefficients not depending on  $\nu$ .

In particular, for  $n = 1$  we have completeness in the usual sense.

We remark that, if we set

$$\sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} Z_{\nu k}^{(i)} \lambda^\nu = L^*(\lambda) \left( \frac{z^{(i)}}{(\lambda - \bar{c}_i)^{k+1}} + \frac{z_1^{(i)}}{(\lambda - \bar{c}_i)^k} + \dots + \frac{z_k^{(i)}}{\lambda - \bar{c}_i} \right),$$

then

$$\sum_{\nu=1}^{n-1} (Z_{\nu k}^{(i)}, u_{\nu l}^{(j)}) = \delta_{ij} \delta_{k, m_j - l + 1}.$$

If the expansion

$$f_\nu = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=0}^{m_i-1} a_k^{(i)} u_{\nu-1,k}^{(i)}, \quad \nu = 1, 2, \dots, n, \tag{6}$$

converges, then the coefficients are determined by

$$a_k^{(i)} = \sum_{\nu=0}^{n-1} (f_{\nu+1}, Z_{\nu, m_i - k + 1}^{(i)}).$$

Hence, in particular, the expansions of the form (6) are unique.

2. We call an operator  $H$  complete if the system of its eigenfunctions  $x = \lambda Hx$ ,  $\lambda \neq \infty$ , is complete.

**THEOREM 1.** *Let  $H$  be a complete selfadjoint operator, some power  $H^m$  of which has finite absolute norm, let  $A$  be an arbitrary compact operator, and let  $B_1, \dots, B_{n-1}$  be bounded operators. Then the system of eigenfunctions of the equation*

$$y = (A + \lambda HB_1 + \dots + \lambda^{n-1} HB_{n-1} + \lambda^n H)y \tag{7}$$

(and also the adjoint equation) is  $n$ -fold complete. The eigenvalues of (7) asymptotically approach the rays  $\arg \lambda = k\pi/n$ .

Note that under the conditions of Theorem 1 the expansion (6) does not necessarily converge.

Suppose the operator  $H$  is positive. Let  $\varphi(x)$  denote the number of eigenvalues of  $H$  not exceeding  $x$ , and let  $\varphi_n(x) = \varphi(x^n)$ . Denote by  $\psi_\nu(x)$  the number of eigenvalues of equation (7) situated in the angle  $(2\nu - 1)\pi/n < \arg \lambda < (2\nu + 1)\pi/n$  and not exceeding  $x$  in modulus.

**THEOREM 2.** *If in the conditions of Theorem 1 the operator is positive, then the eigenvalues of (7) asymptotically approach the rays  $\arg \lambda = 2\nu\pi/n$ , and for any  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exist arbitrarily large values of  $x$  for which*

$$(1 - \varepsilon)\varphi_n(x) \leq \psi_\nu(x) \leq (1 + \varepsilon)\varphi_n(x).$$

Imposing restrictions on  $\varphi(x)$ , we can obtain a more precise proposition.

**THEOREM 3.** *If, in the conditions of Theorem 2,  $\varphi_n(x)/\omega(x) \rightarrow 1$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ , where  $\omega(x)$  is an increasing continuously differentiable function satisfying  $\alpha\omega(x) < x\omega'(x) < \beta\omega(x)$ ,  $\beta < \alpha + 1$ , then  $\psi_\nu(x)/\varphi_n(x) \rightarrow 1$ .*

The proof is based on the following Tauberian theorem.



**THEOREM 4.** Let  $\varphi(x)$  and  $\psi(x)$  be positive increasing functions, defined for  $x > 0$ , with  $\varphi(x) \rightarrow \infty$  and  $\alpha\varphi(x) < x\varphi'(x) < \beta\varphi(x)$ ,  $\beta < \alpha + 1$ , and define

$$f(x) = \int_0^\infty \frac{d\varphi(\xi)}{(\xi + x)^{m+1}}, \quad g(x) = \int_0^\infty \frac{d\psi(\xi)}{(\xi + x)^{m+1}},$$

where  $m$  is the integer part of  $\beta$ . If  $f(x)/g(x) \rightarrow 1$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ , then  $\varphi(x)/\psi(x) \rightarrow 1$  as  $x \rightarrow \infty$ .

3. The results of §2 can be used to establish completeness of the system of eigenfunctions, and also to obtain asymptotic expressions for the eigenvalues of large classes of nonselfadjoint differential equations.

As an example we consider elliptic partial differential equations

$$M_\lambda(u) = \sum_{i,k=1}^m p_{ik} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x_i \partial x_k} + \sum_{i=1}^m q_i \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} + (r_0 + \lambda r_1 + \dots + \lambda^n r_n)u = 0 \quad (8)$$

in a domain  $D$ , satisfying Lyapunov's conditions, whose coefficients are continuously differentiable functions of  $x_1, \dots, x_m$ , and where the  $p_{ik}$  and  $r_n$  are real with  $r_n > \alpha$  and  $\sum_{i,k} p_{ik} \xi_i \xi_k > \beta \sum_i \xi_i^2$  in  $D$  for  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ .

**THEOREM 5.** For the equation  $M_\lambda(u) = 0$  with the boundary condition  $u = 0$  or  $\sum_{i,k} p_{ik} (\partial u / \partial x_i) \cos(N, x_k) - \sigma u = 0$ , where  $\sigma$  is a continuous complex-valued function of a point of the boundary of the domain and  $N$  is the normal to the boundary of  $D$ , the following assertions are true:

1) The system of eigenfunctions and associated functions is  $n$ -fold complete.

2) The eigenvalues lying in the angle  $(2\nu - 1)\pi/n \leq \arg \lambda < (2\nu + 1)\pi/n$  have the asymptotic expressions

$$\lambda_k^{(\nu)} \sim \left\{ \frac{\sigma_m}{2^m \pi^m} \int_D \frac{dx_1 dx_2 \dots dx_n}{\sqrt{\Delta(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)}} \right\}^{-2/nm} k^{2/mn} e^{2\nu\pi i/n},$$

where  $\sigma_m$  is the volume of the  $m$ -dimensional unit ball and  $\Delta(x_1, \dots, x_m)$  is the determinant of  $|p_{ik}|$ .

Note that for  $n = 1$  assertion 2) was established by Carleman in [64].

For ordinary differential equations, in some cases more precise theorems can be established.

Consider the equation

$$M_\lambda(u) = u^{(m)} + p_1(x, \lambda)u^{(m-1)} + \dots + p_{m-1}(x, \lambda)u' + [p_m(x, \lambda) + \lambda^n]u = 0, \quad (9)$$

where  $p_k(x, \lambda)$  is a polynomial in  $\lambda$  of degree less than  $kn/m$ .

Under certain restrictions on the boundary conditions we can establish  $n$ -fold completeness of the system of eigenfunctions of equation (9), and, for  $m \leq n$ , conditions for convergence of the  $n$ -fold expansions.

For definiteness we indicate only two cases of boundary conditions:

$$y^{(k)}(0) = y^{(k)}(1), \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, m-1, \quad (10)$$

and, for  $0 < l < n$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \alpha_k^{(nu)} y^{(k)}(0) &= 0, \quad \nu = 1, \dots, l; \\ \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \beta_k^{(\nu)} y^{(k)}(1) &= 0, \quad \nu = l+1, \dots, m. \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

**THEOREM 6.** \*\* *The system of eigenfunctions of equation (9) under the boundary conditions (10) or (11) is  $n$ -fold complete.*

For  $m > n$  the expansions

$$y_\nu = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \sum_k a_k^{(i)} u_{\nu-1,k}^{(i)}, \quad \nu = 1, 2, \dots, n, \quad (12)$$

are uniformly convergent for  $n$  arbitrary  $m$ -times differentiable functions satisfying the boundary conditions.

For  $n = m$  there is a subsequence of partial sums of (12) which converges uniformly.

Note that for  $n = 1$  this result was obtained by Birkhoff [370]. For  $n = m$  Tamarkin [335], [336] established a number of propositions on the expansion of a function in a series of eigenfunctions.

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\*\* Added in translation by A. S. Markus. In [155] it is shown that the second assertion of this theorem is false for the boundary conditions (11) when  $n = 1$  and  $l \neq m - 1$ .

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## Brief Comments on the Literature

§1. Lemmas 1.7–1.10 are taken from [236].

§3. See also [103], Chapter V, §7. Lemmas 3.4 and 3.5 are taken from [235].

§4. The proof of Theorem 4.2 is taken from [153]. Keldysh posed the question of the sufficiency of a condition for the order of the operator  $H$  in Theorem 4.2 to be finite (see [153], p. 111, and [249]). A positive answer to this question along with precise (in a certain sense) restrictions on  $H$  can be found in [249].

Of the numerous results on completeness of the root vectors of a non-selfadjoint operator we mention [71], Chapter XI, §§6 and 9, [72], Chapter XIX, §5, [103], Chapter V, [153], [179], [210], [211], [246], [247], and [275].

§5. Lemma 5.6 is taken from [233] (see also [148], Theorem III.1.2). In place of the term “ $p$ -subordinate” the term “subordinate with order  $p$ ” is also used [188].

§6. See [103] and [278] about bases in spaces.

In this section we follow the paper [233]. Theorem 6.12 was proved earlier in [148] (Theorem III.4.1) under the condition that the operator  $B$  is subordinate to the operator  $G^p$ . The reference [148] was preceded by the article [221], where it was established under somewhat stronger restrictions that the root vectors of  $A$  form a Bari basis with parentheses (see [177] and [220]).

It was shown in [148] (Theorem III.5.1) that the conditions in Theorem 6.12 cannot be weakened.

Diverse results on convergence of expansions in root vectors of an operator close to a selfadjoint operator were obtained in [25]–[27], [68], [84], [85], and [147]. Perturbation theory for spectral operators was investigated in [54], [72], Chapters XIX and XX, [173], and [321]. A significant

number of sources have been devoted to the study of the basis property for the root vectors of dissipative operators and contractions (see [103], Chapter VI, and [278], Lectures VI–X).

§7. Lemmas 7.2 and 7.3 are taken from [235].

§8. Here we follow [235]. The proof of Theorem 8.4 (under the conditions (8.31) and (8.32)) obtained by Keldysh [150] was based on his Tauberian theorem [151] (see also [103], Chapter V, §11, and [234] and [252]).

§9. We follow [235]. Some applications of the results in this section to the determination of spectral asymptotics for differential and pseudo-differential operators are indicated in [62], [171], [172], and [207]. The references [231], [232], [234], and [263] are connected with the contents of §9.

§10. See the survey [58] and the monograph [138] about the spectral asymptotics of selfadjoint differential operators. Birkhoff [56] found the asymptotic behavior of the eigenvalues of nonselfadjoint ordinary differential operators for regular boundary conditions (see also [72], Chapter XIX, §4, and [277], Chapter II, §4). The first theorems on the asymptotic behavior of the spectrum of a nonselfadjoint elliptic differential operator were obtained by Carleman [64]; see [24], [170], [232], [234], [244], [263], [264], [269], [270], [285], [312], [318], [339], and [357] for subsequent results.

Birkhoff [56] began the investigation of completeness of root vectors and convergence of expansions in them for nonselfadjoint ordinary differential operators (see also [277], Chapter II, §§5 and 9). The first theorems on completeness of the root functions for nonselfadjoint elliptic differential operators are due to Keldysh [150] and Browder [63] (see also [71], Theorem XIV.6.28). Various results on completeness and convergence of expansions in root functions of differential operators are contained in [23], [25], [26], [28], [29], [59], [72], [77], [84], [85], [115], [132]–[134], [148], [153]–[155], [173], [192], [210]–[212], [221], [233], [265], [275]–[277], [307], [308], [321], [324], [325], [327], and [341].

§11. The concept of a chain of an eigenvector and associated vectors and the concept of the multiplicity of an eigenvalue are due to Keldysh [150]. Various properties of the multiplicity of an eigenvalue of a holomorphic operator-valued function were established in [60], [79], [80], [113], [152], [219], [238], [240], [332], and [367]. The definition of a generating

polynomial (root function) was introduced independently by S. G. Kreĭn and Trofimov [340] and by Matsaev and Palant [284].

§12. Linearization of a polynomial pencil was considered as far back as Keldysh [152]. See [274] about Theorem 12.9. A more general result relating to holomorphic operator-valued functions is contained in [103], Theorem I.5.1, and [309], Theorem VI.14.

See [97], [125], [139], [230], and [337] about different methods for linearizing holomorphic operator-valued functions.

§13. A general approach to the study of completeness of derived chains corresponding to various boundary value problems was developed in [290], [292], [293], [295], [296], [299], [300], and [303]. These references were preceded by [186] and [90]–[92], where the concept of completeness for boundary value problems on a half-line were studied, and by [347], which dealt with the concept of completeness for boundary value problems on a finite interval.

§14. Lemmas 14.7 and 14.8 were established in [284].

§15. Theorems 15.4 and 15.5 were proved by Keldysh in [150] and [152].

Theorems 15.6 and 15.7 were also established by Keldysh [150] under certain additional restrictions (see Remark 15.9), but his proofs were not published. Here we follow [235]. Theorem 15.13 was proved in [234]. Various analogues and generalizations of the Keldysh theorems on asymptotics were obtained in [44], [45], [234], [236], [250]–[252], and [302].

§16. Theorem 16.3 was established in [150] and [152].

§17. Theorem 17.3 and Lemma 17.4 were obtained in [150] and [152].

Theorem 17.10 was proved in [223]. Various results on convergence of multiple expansions for Keldysh pencils were established in [34], [36], [37], [73], [351], and [362]. The basis property was investigated in [291] and [301] for derived chains corresponding to various boundary value problems.

§18. Further results on multiple completeness for Keldysh pencils and pencils close to them were obtained in [32], [34], [38], [137], [248], [272], [273], [283], [284], [289], [290], [292], [297], [299], [300], and [354] (see also the survey [303]).

§19. The contents of this section are taken from [293] (a more general result is obtained there). Diverse results on completeness, multiple completeness, and completeness (multiple completeness) with finite defect for a

part of the eigenvectors and associated vectors of a pencil were established in [90]–[92], [135], [137], [267], [268], [289], [294]–[296], [298]–[300], and [303]. The problem of minimality (multiple minimality) of a part of the eigenvectors and associated vectors was considered in [167], [304], [305], [352], and [353].

§20. Theorem 20.8 was proved in [351] under certain additional assumptions (see also [73]). Convergence of multiple expansions for pencils with unbounded coefficients was considered in [291], [301], and [362].

§21. Keldysh [150] obtained the first results on multiple completeness and on the asymptotic behavior of the spectrum for pencils generated by elliptic differential operators (for  $m = 1$  and under certain additional restrictions he established the assertions of Theorem 21.1 on multiple completeness and on the principal term of the spectral asymptotics).

There are various assertions about the distribution of the spectrum, (multiple) completeness, and convergence of (multiple) expansions for pencils generated by differential operators in [25], [75], [76], [78], [93], [94], [130], [131], [218], [282], [326], [335], [336], [344], and [351].

Boundary value problems for differential equations containing a spectral parameter in the boundary conditions have been studied in [25], [26], [88], [127], [169], [175], [253], [282], [319], [320], [328], [335], [336], and [356].

§22. Factorization of a pencil and operator roots were first used by M. G. Kreĭn and Langer in [186], where Lemmas 22.9 and 22.10 were obtained (for a quadratic pencil).

See [66] and [108] about canonical factorization.

§23. Theorem 23.3 (known as the Masani lemma or the basic factorization lemma) first appeared (in a somewhat different form) in [245]. Diverse variants and generalizations of it are found in many papers. Here we follow [96], Chapter I, Lemma 5.1.

The results in subsections 4 and 5 were obtained (by other methods) in [224], [225], and [289]; see also [87], [116], [117], [136], [161], [163], and [346].

§24. Theorem 24.2 was proved in [109] (for any Wiener operator-valued function). We present another proof. Lemma 24.4 was also established in [109].

§25. Theorem 25.3 was established in [108].

§26. The proof given for the Toeplitz-Hausdorff theorem was taken from [306]. The set  $W(A)$  is sometimes called the numerical range or the

Hausdorff set of  $A$ . The term “numerical range” (“numerical domain”) is also used (see [137] and [281]) for the set  $R(A)$  which we have called the root domain of an operator-valued function  $A(\lambda)$ .

Theorem 26.6 is contained in [350], and Theorem 26.7 is in [241] (see also [137] and [281]).

The condition (26.8) was first considered in [333], where it was shown that under this condition a Hölder matrix-valued function  $A(t)$  ( $t \in \Gamma_0$ ) admits a factorization of the form  $A(t) = t^k A_+(t) A_-(t)$ .

The results in subsections 5 and 6 were established in [226] and [227].

§27. The results in this section were obtained in [228] (Theorem 27.6 was established there in a less precise formulation). That paper was preceded by [349], where a weakened variant of Theorem 27.5 was proved (without restrictions on the size of the matrices under consideration).

The monographs [107], [149], and [193] are devoted to matrix pencils.

§28. The connection in Theorem 28.2 between operator roots of a pencil and special invariant subspaces of the linearizer is one of the important elements of the Krein-Langer method (see [186], §5).

Theorem 28.2 was established in [198], Lemma 28.6 in [237], and Theorem 28.8 in [254] and [256]. Generalizations of Theorems 28.2 and 28.8 to divisors of arbitrary order were obtained in [142] and [202]. Analogous results were proved for holomorphic operator-valued functions in [230] and [337].

§29. The contents of this section were taken from [237]. The starting point for this paper was the concept, introduced by M. G. Krein and Heinz Langer [186], of a complete pair of operator roots. In view of Remark 29.14, Theorems 29.6 and 29.8 follow from results in [186] when  $n = 2$ .

Generalizations of the results in §29 to divisors of arbitrary order were established in [101] and [142]. Various theorems on factorization of pencils were obtained in [50], [53], [98]–[102], [104]–[107], [110]–[112], [136], [254], [257], [261], [262], [313], [317], [337], [363], [366], and [367].

§30. Theorem 30.4 and Corollary 30.5 were proved in [226], Theorems 30.6 and 30.11 in [350], and Corollary 30.8 in [198] and [350]. These references were preceded by the papers [239] and [343].

Diverse results on Riesz bases are contained in [52], [103], and [278].

§31. The main properties of quadratic hyperbolic pencils (strongly damped pencils) were established by Krein and Langer ([186], [196]; see also §35). The corresponding results for matrix pencils were obtained earlier in [69].



Lemma 31.2 was proved in [191]. Theorem 31.3 was established for quadratic matrix pencils in [69], for quadratic operator pencils in [186] and [196], and for the general case in [241]. Theorems 31.5 and 31.10 were obtained in [199], Theorems 31.11, 31.14, and 31.16 in [241], Theorem 31.17 in [51] and [237], Theorem 31.18 in [237], Theorem 31.19 in [141], and the results in subsections 8–10 in [241].

Theorem 31.27 was proved under the additional condition  $B > 0$  in [182] and [186]. Plus and minus eigenvectors and eigenvalues were first considered in these articles (the terms “eigenvectors (eigenvalues) of the first and second kinds” were used there).

The term “spectral zone” was used in [241] instead of the term “root zone” taken here.

Theorem 31.19 was carried over to weakly hyperbolic pencils in [230]. Other results on decomposition of pencils into linear and nonlinear factors were established in [101], [255], and [258]–[260]. See also [281] and [287] about hyperbolic pencils and operator-valued functions.

The class of quadratic pencils, as the most important class for applications as well as the simplest class, has attracted the attention of many authors ([43], [74], [114], [116]–[118], [164], [165], [167], [168], [182], [186], [204], [266], [280], [296], [304], [305], [326], [360], and [361]). We mention separately references which consider the pencil  $\lambda I - A - \lambda^2 B$ , where  $A$  and  $B$  are selfadjoint compact operators (“S. G. Krein pencils”): [36], [41], [42], [46], [78], [86], [87], [119], [120], [161], [163], [182], [186], [187], [203], [204], [224], [225], [241], [272], [273], [289], [342], [343], [358], and [369].

§32. Variational methods for nonlinear spectral problems were studied in [1]–[22], [69], [122], [123], [191], [196], [208], [314], [315], [342], [343], and [359] (see also the bibliography of [22]).

Theorems 32.8, 32.9, and 32.16 are apparently new results in this section.

The articles [144], [145], and [338] are devoted to approximation methods for determining the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of operator pencils.

§33. The results in this section were obtained by V. I. Matsaev and the author [369]. Corollary 33.7 answers a question posed by Kopachevskii.

§34. Quadratic elliptic pencils (weakly damped pencils) were first studied by M. G. Krein and Heinz Langer in [182] and [186]. Factorization of nonnegative operator-valued functions has numerous applications in analysis and probability theory, and a number of papers have been devoted to it (see [67], [316], and [334]).

Theorem 34.3 was proved by Matsaev (see [40]). Theorem 34.5 was established by Ginzburg [95], and the proof given is due to Matsaev (see also [348]). Lemma 34.12 was obtained in [316] (without the requirement that  $A(\lambda_0)$  be invertible).

§35. There is a good introduction to the theory of operators acting in Krein spaces in [182], and a systematic exposition of this theory in [48] and [365].

Lemma 35.2 was established by Phillips [286].

Theorem 35.3 was proved by Langer [194], [195]. Theorem 35.4 is contained in [197]. The simplified presentations of the proofs of Theorems 35.3 and 35.4 given here were constructed by T. Ya. Azizov on the basis of [61] and [197]. Theorem 35.6 was established in [194] and [196], but it was obtained earlier under certain additional assumptions in [186].

A generalization of Theorem 35.6 to weakly hyperbolic pencils of arbitrary order was given in [200], [229], and [230]. Further developments of the Krein-Langer method [186] are contained in [107], [124], [164], [165], [198]–[202], and [366].

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## List of Notation

The symbols **C**, **R**, and **N** have the standard meaning.

$\sigma = \operatorname{Re} \lambda$ ,  $\tau = \operatorname{Im} \lambda$ ,  $\varphi = \arg \lambda$ ,  $\Omega(\theta) = \{\lambda: |\varphi| < \theta\}$

$D_r = \{\lambda: |\lambda| < r\}$ ,  $\Gamma_0 = \{t: |t| = 1\}$

$C(\Gamma, L(\mathfrak{H}))$ ,  $C_+(\Gamma, L(\mathfrak{H}))$ ,  $C_-^0(\Gamma, L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §22.4

$\mathfrak{D}(A)$  §2.1

$\det(I + K)$  §2.5

$\det_k(I - T)$  §18.2

$\mathfrak{H}$  §2.1

$H^2, H^\infty$  §34.4

$H^2(\mathfrak{H}), H^\infty(\Gamma_0, L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §34.2

$H^\infty(\mathbf{R}, L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §34.6

$I$  §2.1

$\operatorname{Im} A$  §2.1

$\operatorname{ind} f(t)$ ,  $\operatorname{ind}_\Gamma f(t)$  §25.1

$\operatorname{Ker} A$  §2.1

$L(\mathfrak{H})$  §2.1

$L^2(\mathfrak{H}), L_+^2(\mathfrak{H}), L_-^2(\mathfrak{H})$  §24.1

$L^\infty(\Gamma_0, L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §34.2

$L^\infty(\mathbf{R}, L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §34.4

$m(g_0), m(\lambda_0, A(\lambda))$  §11.2

$\mathfrak{M}(Q)$  §34.2

$N(U, A), N(r, A), N_+(r, A), N_+(\rho, r, A)$  §6.4

$N(r, \theta, A), N(\rho, r, \theta, A)$  §8.2

$N_k(r, A(\lambda))$  §15.2

$n(r, H)$  §6.6

$p_k(f)$  §31.1

$R(A)$  §26.3

$R_\lambda(A)$  §2.1

$r(B)$  §24.1



- $\mathfrak{S}_\infty$  §2.1  
 $\mathfrak{S}_p$  §2.4  
 $W = W(Z_1, \dots, Z_n)$  §29.2  
 $W(A)$  §26.1  
 $W(L(\mathfrak{H})), W_+(L(\mathfrak{H})), W_-(L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §23.3  
 $\Delta_k$  §31.1  
 $\Pi_+, \Pi_-$  §34.1  
 $\sigma(A) (A \in L(\mathfrak{H}))$  §2.1  
 $\sigma(A) (A = A(\lambda))$  §11.2  
 $\|A\|_p$  §2.4  
 $\perp$  §4.1  
 $\sim$  §8.3  
 $\gg$  §24.3  
 $\dagger$  §32.2  
 $[f, g], [\perp]$  §35.1

ISBN 978-0-8218-9082-0



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