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**MATHEMATICAL
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Volume 170

**Elliptic Functions
and Elliptic Integrals**

Viktor Prasolov
Yuri Solovyev



American Mathematical Society

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American Mathematical Society
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ABSTRACT. This book is devoted to geometry and arithmetic of elliptic curves and to elliptic functions with applications to algebra and number theory. It includes modern interpretations of some famous classical algebraic theorems such as Abel's theorem on lemniscate and Hermite's solution of the fifth degree equation by means of theta functions. The book is self-contained and assumes as prerequisites only the standard one-year courses in algebra and analysis.

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Preface

In June of 1796 the Literature Gazette, published at that time in Jena, offered to its readers the following note (in German):

New Discoveries.

Every novice in geometry knows that it is possible to construct geometrically, i.e., by ruler and compass, various regular polygons, namely, a triangle, a pentagon, a 15-gon and the polygons one can obtain from each of these by consecutive doubling the number of its sides. This was known already in the time of Euclid and, it seems, that the reigning belief, starting from that time, is that the domain of elementary geometry does not surpass these limits: at least I do not know any successful attempt to expand it in this direction. Hence, the discovery that, apart from these regular polygons, it is possible to geometrically construct a multitude of other polygons, for example, a 17-gon, seems to me worth noting. This discovery is essentially a mere corollary of a far-reaching theory not completely finished yet. The moment this theory is completed it will be offered to the public.

*C. F. Gauss from Braunschweig,
student of mathematics in Göttingen.*

The theory was completed five years later and published by Gauss in the 7th section of the famous *Disquisitiones Arithmeticae* (*Arithmetical Studies*), which appeared in 1801. Gauss proved that if the number n of sides of a regular polygon is of the form $n = 2^a p_1 \cdots p_k$, where the p_i are distinct Fermat primes, i.e., prime numbers of the form $2^{2^m} + 1$, then the polygon can be constructed by ruler and compass. In algebraic language this statement means that for the numbers n indicated the equation $x^n - 1 = 0$ is solvable in quadratic radicals.

The proof of Gauss' theorem is based on a neat algebraic theory which served as the cornerstone for Galois theory created thirty years after *Arithmetical Studies* was published.

In the 7th section of *Arithmetical Studies*, apart from the theory of division of the circle, i.e., the algebraic theory of circular functions, there is a short remark, also by Gauss, to the effect that the method he developed is also applicable to certain higher transcendental functions; in particular, to functions related with integrals of the form $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$.

This remark became a starting point for the studies of Abel, who in 1827 proved that for the same values of n as mentioned by Gauss, it is possible to divide Bernoulli's lemniscate by ruler and compass into n equal parts. To do that, Abel had to considerably improve Gauss' method and, what is most important, create a new mathematical discipline — the *theory of elliptic functions*.

The theory of elliptic functions and its geometric twin — the *theory of elliptic curves* — occupies one of the central places in mathematics having unified several of its branches. In spite of its senior age, the theory of elliptic functions and elliptic

curves remains an alive and rapidly developing domain of mathematics; it is an inexhaustible source of techniques, problems, and conjectures for the researchers.

In the past decade elliptic functions and curves became the subject of close attention by experts in such nonclassical fields as algebraic topology and quantum field theory; quite recently with the help of the elliptic curve theory Fermat's Last Theorem was finally proved.

The main topics of this book are the geometry of cubic curves, elliptic functions and their properties, elliptic integrals, addition theorems for elliptic functions and integrals, arcs of algebraic curves expressible via elliptic integrals, Abel's theorem on lemniscate, arithmetic properties of elliptic curves, Mordell's theorem, theta functions, and solutions of equations of the fifth degree.

In other words, the book is an introductory course on the theory of elliptic functions and elliptic curves and is aimed at those who encounter this topic for the first time. However, we hope that the book will be of interest to the experts as well.

The book is based on three lectures written by one of us (Yu. S.) in 1991–1992 as part of lectures for students organized by the Moscow Mathematical Society. The material of the book was collected for the optional course given by the second author (V. P.) in 1992–1993 at the Independent University of Moscow.

In writing this book we used a vast selection of literature, both classical treatises and various modern papers. We were greatly influenced by a remarkable paper by M. Rosen from *American Mathematical Monthly* [C14] that contains a modern proof of Abel's theorem. We have also borrowed a lot of useful facts from wonderful books of Husemoller [B10], Koblitz [B12] and Stepanov [B22].

The book does not assume from the reader any knowledge beyond the limits of beginning courses of mathematics majors in universities and is oriented to the widest range of readers: students of mathematics and physics, teachers, and even high school students. We hope that, having been acquainted with the subject of this book, the reader will be able to feel the charm of the fine art that we experienced while deciphering the works of old masters.

While the book was being written V. Prasolov benefited from a grant from the Russian Fund for Basic Research (95-01-00846).

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