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# An Introduction to the Analysis of Paths on a Riemannian Manifold

**Daniel W. Stroock**



American Mathematical Society

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ABSTRACT. This book provides an introduction to Brownian motion on a Riemannian manifold. Although the reader is expected to have some familiarity with both probability theory and differential geometry, the author has attempted to make the book self-contained. Thus, whenever technically demanding topics are introduced (e.g., Brownian motion in probability theory and the orthonormal bundle of frames in differential geometry), he has provided some background. His hope is that the book will be accessible to anyone who has had semester courses in probability theory and differential geometry at the graduate level.

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**This book is dedicated to my friends and mentors:**

*Paul G. Malliavin and Shing Tung Yau*

# Contents

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<b>Preface</b> . . . . .	ix
<b>Chapter 1 Brownian Motion in Euclidean Space</b> . . . . .	1
1.1. Wiener Measure . . . . .	1
1.1.1. Deconstructing Brownian Paths . . . . .	2
1.1.2. Lévy’s Construction . . . . .	5
1.1.3. Modulus of Continuity . . . . .	6
1.1.4. Multi-dimensional Brownian Motion . . . . .	8
1.2. The Infinite Dimensional Sphere and Related Matters . . . . .	9
1.2.1. Square Variation of Brownian Paths . . . . .	9
1.2.2. Paley–Wiener Integrals . . . . .	10
1.2.3. Fourier Characterization . . . . .	11
1.2.4. Extension to Higher Dimensions . . . . .	11
1.2.5. The Cameron–Martin Formula . . . . .	12
1.2.6. Integration by Parts . . . . .	14
1.3. Feynman’s Picture of Wiener Measure . . . . .	15
1.3.1. Rescaling Feynman’s Picture . . . . .	16
1.4. Wiener Measure, the Laplacian, and Martingales . . . . .	18
1.4.1. A Preliminary Manipulation . . . . .	18
1.4.2. Reinterpretation . . . . .	20
1.4.3. A Heuristic Interpretation . . . . .	23
<b>Chapter 2 Diffusions in Euclidean Space</b> . . . . .	27
2.1. Martingale Problems for Operators in Hörmander Form . . . . .	27
2.2. The Abelian Case . . . . .	28
2.2.1. A Single Vector Field . . . . .	29
2.2.2. A Single Vector Field Squared . . . . .	30
2.2.3. Several Commuting Vector Fields . . . . .	32
2.3. The Non-Abelian Case . . . . .	34
2.3.1. The Scheme for Smooth Paths . . . . .	35
2.3.2. The Scheme in the Stochastic Case . . . . .	39
2.3.3. Basic Size Estimates . . . . .	44
2.3.4. A Continuity Estimate . . . . .	47
2.4. Derivatives . . . . .	47
2.4.1. Burkholder’s Inequality . . . . .	48
2.4.2. Estimating Derivatives . . . . .	49
2.4.3. A Little Bit of Sobolev . . . . .	51
2.4.4. Existence of a Smooth Choice . . . . .	53
2.4.5. Loosening Things Up . . . . .	54

2.5. The Flow Property . . . . .	55
2.5.1. Renewal at Stopping Times . . . . .	55
2.5.2. The Heat Flow Semigroup for $\mathcal{L}$ and Uniqueness . . . . .	56
<b>Chapter 3 Some Addenda, Extensions, and Refinements . . . . .</b>	<b>59</b>
3.1. Explosion and Non-explosion . . . . .	59
3.1.1. An Example . . . . .	59
3.2. Localization . . . . .	61
3.2.1. Random Paths which may Explode . . . . .	62
3.2.2. Splicing . . . . .	63
3.2.3. Localizing the Martingale Problem . . . . .	65
3.2.4. A Non-explosion Criterion . . . . .	66
3.2.5. Well-posed Martingale Problems . . . . .	67
3.3. A Polygonal Approximation Scheme . . . . .	67
3.3.1. The Bounded Case . . . . .	68
3.3.2. The General Case . . . . .	68
3.4. Subordination . . . . .	69
3.4.1. Time Dependent Vector Fields . . . . .	70
3.4.2. Subordination for Diffusions . . . . .	74
3.5. Semigroups of Diffeomorphisms . . . . .	76
3.5.1. Flowing Backwards . . . . .	76
3.5.2. Existence of a Continuous Version . . . . .	77
3.5.3. Non-Degenerate Jacobian . . . . .	79
3.5.4. In General . . . . .	80
3.6. Invariant and Symmetric Measures . . . . .	81
3.6.1. Criterion for Invariance . . . . .	82
3.6.2. Symmetric Measures . . . . .	84
3.6.3. An Application to the Explosion Problem . . . . .	86
<b>Chapter 4 Doing it on a Manifold, An Extrinsic Approach . . . . .</b>	<b>89</b>
4.1. Diffusions on a Submanifold of $\mathbb{R}^N$ . . . . .	89
4.1.1. The Martingale Problem . . . . .	89
4.1.2. Invariant and Symmetric Measures . . . . .	91
4.1.3. Non-Explosion Criterion . . . . .	95
4.2. Brownian Motion on a Submanifold . . . . .	95
4.2.1. Extrinsic Expressions . . . . .	97
4.2.2. Extrinsic Brownian Motion . . . . .	99
4.2.3. Brownian Motion Normal to a Submanifold . . . . .	100
4.2.4. An Extrinsic Non-Explosion Criterion for Brownian Motion . . . . .	103
4.3. A Question of Measurable Interest . . . . .	104
4.3.1. An Internal Approximation Scheme . . . . .	104



<b>Chapter 5 More about Extrinsic Riemannian Geometry . . . . .</b>	<b>111</b>
5.1. Parallel Transport . . . . .	111
5.1.1. Parallel Transport along Smooth Paths . . . . .	111
5.1.2. Parallel Transport along Brownian Paths . . . . .	113
5.1.3. An Internal Description . . . . .	115
5.2. Riemannian Connection, Covariant Derivatives, & Curvature . . . . .	116
5.2.1. Riemannian Connection and Covariant Derivatives . . . . .	116
5.2.2. The Second Fundamental Form & Minimal Submanifolds . . . . .	117
5.2.3. Riemannian and Ricci Curvature . . . . .	120
5.3. The Distance Function and Explosion . . . . .	122
5.3.1. Derivatives of the Distance Function . . . . .	123
5.3.2. An Intrinsic Non-Explosion Criterion for Brownian Motion . . . . .	128
5.3.3. A Comparison of Explosion Criteria . . . . .	131
5.3.4. Growth Estimate when Ricci Curvature is Bounded Below . . . . .	133
<b>Chapter 6 Bochner’s Identity . . . . .</b>	<b>137</b>
6.1. The Jacobian Process & Bochner’s Identity . . . . .	137
6.1.1. The Martingale Characterization of the Jacobian Process . . . . .	137
6.1.2. A Stochastic Version of Bochner’s Identity . . . . .	139
6.1.3. The Classical Bochner’s Identity . . . . .	145
6.1.4. The Case of Positive Ricci Curvature . . . . .	146
6.2. Applications of Bochner’s Identity . . . . .	149
6.2.1. A Couple of Important Analytic Facts . . . . .	149
6.2.2. Integrating Bochner’s Identity . . . . .	153
6.2.3. A Logarithmic Sobolev Inequality . . . . .	155
6.3. Bismut’s Formula . . . . .	157
6.3.1. Variations on Bochner’s Identity . . . . .	157
6.3.2. The Bismut Factor . . . . .	158
6.3.3. Measurability Again . . . . .	161
6.3.4. An Estimate on Logarithmic Gradients . . . . .	162
<b>Chapter 7 Some Intrinsic Riemannian Geometry . . . . .</b>	<b>165</b>
7.1. Diffusions on an Abstract Manifold . . . . .	166
7.1.1. Basic Existence Statement . . . . .	166
7.2. Riemannian Manifolds . . . . .	167
7.2.1. Basic Quantities . . . . .	167
7.2.2. The Levi–Civita Connection . . . . .	168
7.2.3. Parallel Transport . . . . .	169
7.2.4. An Alternative Expression for the Divergence . . . . .	171
7.2.5. The Laplacian as the Trace of the Hessian . . . . .	173
7.3. Brownian Motion on $M$ . . . . .	174
7.3.1. Localizing the Laplacian . . . . .	174
7.3.2. Construction of Brownian Motion via Localization . . . . .	175

<b>Chapter 8 The Bundle of Orthonormal Frames</b> . . . . .	177
8.1. The Bundle $\mathcal{O}(M)$ . . . . .	178
8.1.1. The Riemannian Connection and the Horizontal Subspace . . . . .	179
8.1.2. Rolling, Geodesics, and Completeness . . . . .	184
8.1.3. Canonical Vector Fields and the Laplacian . . . . .	185
8.1.4. A Measure on $\mathcal{O}(M)$ . . . . .	185
8.2. Brownian Motion on $M$ via Projection from $\mathcal{O}(M)$ . . . . .	187
8.2.1. The Basic Construction . . . . .	187
8.2.2. Parallel Transport along Brownian Paths . . . . .	188
8.2.3. Measurability Considerations . . . . .	189
8.3. Curvature Considerations and an Explosion Criterion . . . . .	192
8.3.1. Cartan's Structural Equations . . . . .	192
8.3.2. Riemann and Ricci Curvatures . . . . .	195
8.4. Derivatives of the Distance Function . . . . .	197
8.4.1. Yau's Non-Explosion Criterion . . . . .	197
8.4.2. An Example of Explosion . . . . .	200
8.5. Bochner on $\mathcal{O}(M)$ . . . . .	201
8.5.1. Bochner's Identity . . . . .	202
8.5.2. Integrated Version of Bochner's Identity . . . . .	203
8.5.3. Bismut's Formula on $\mathcal{O}(M)$ . . . . .	204
8.5.4. A Technical Comment . . . . .	205
 <b>Chapter 9 Local Analysis of Brownian Motion</b> . . . . .	 207
9.1. Normal Coordinates . . . . .	207
9.1.1. Relationship to the Distance Function . . . . .	208
9.2. Brownian Motion in Normal Coordinates . . . . .	210
9.3. Asymptotic Expansion of Metric in Normal Coordinates . . . . .	211
9.3.1. Relationship to Jacobi Fields . . . . .	212
9.3.2. The Laplacian in Non-Divergence Form . . . . .	216
9.4. Coupling . . . . .	218
9.4.1. Applications . . . . .	223
 <b>Chapter 10 Perturbing Brownian Paths</b> . . . . .	 227
10.1. Heuristic Explanation . . . . .	227
10.2. Formulation as a Flow . . . . .	231
10.2.1. Initial Reformulation . . . . .	231
10.2.2. Formulation as a System of O.D.E.'s on Pathspace . . . . .	232
10.2.3. The State Space and Vector Fields . . . . .	235
10.2.4. Perturbed Brownian Motion . . . . .	237
10.3. Bochner via Perturbation of Brownian Paths . . . . .	240
10.3.1. A Generalization of Bochner's Identity . . . . .	240
10.3.2. An Application to Coupling . . . . .	242
10.4. Bismut via Perturbation of Brownian Paths . . . . .	243
10.4.1. The Perturbation and the Radon–Nikodym Factor . . . . .	244
10.5. Second Derivatives . . . . .	249

10.5.1. Derivative of the Bismut Factor . . . . .	249
10.5.2. An Expression for Second Covariant Derivatives . . . . .	255
10.5.3. Estimates for Derivatives of the Heat Flow . . . . .	257
10.5.4. Estimate on Derivatives of the Heat Kernel . . . . .	258
10.6. An Admission of Defeat . . . . .	261
10.6.1. Li and Yau for Einstein Manifolds . . . . .	262
<b>Bibliography . . . . .</b>	<b>265</b>
<b>Index . . . . .</b>	<b>267</b>

# Preface

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It was at a C.I.M.E. conference at the Palazzo in Cortona during the summer of 1978 that my eyes were opened to Malliavin's multi-tiered mansion in which Brownian motion on a Riemannian manifold resides. There, in the Palazzo's beautiful ballroom with its tiny blackboard presided over by Cleopatra and her adder, Malliavin held his audience in thrall with tales whose comprehension demanded simultaneous appreciation of the "upstairs story," the "downstairs story," and the profound influence that events on either exercise on the other. I have to admit that I could not have said with certainty on exactly which "level" a given event was transpiring. Indeed, at first I thought that there were only two "levels:" the upper one where Wiener measure lives and the lower one which is the manifold where the Brownian motion is taking place.

My confusion about this critical point was a direct consequence of my nearly perfect ignorance of differential geometry. In particular, because I had no idea what it was, Malliavin's frequent references to an intermediate level called the "bundle of orthonormal frames" were lost on me. Such matters are not broached in the first ten pages of even the most ambitious introductory texts about Riemannian geometry, and the first ten pages is as far as I had ever penetrated into the many differential geometry books which I had failed to read. Nor were Malliavin's intriguing lectures sufficient to persuade me to mend my ways immediately. Indeed, another fifteen years passed before my joint work with first Shigeo Kusuoka and then Ognian Enchev finally convinced me that the pain resulting from not learning more differential geometry would inevitably exceed the pain of mastering more than the first ten pages of at least one differential geometry text. Thus, about five years ago I forced myself to come to terms with Bishop and Crittenden's remarkably concise text [2]. My choice was dictated by two considerations: first, my collaborator Enchev had already assimilated the material in this book and I did not want to fall too far behind; secondly, Bishop and Crittenden emphasize the role of the bundle of orthonormal frames, and Malliavin had already alerted me to the advantages of this perspective. Of course, once I had taken the plunge, I delved into several other sources. In fact, the citations in this text give a reasonably accurate map of where I learned what.

Having benefitted from the efforts of differential geometers to explain their subject to me through their writings, I decided to reciprocate by writing this book, which is my attempt to explain my subject to them. With this in mind, I have tried to minimize the weight of "probabilistic" baggage which my readers must bring to a reading of this book. Further, wherever the option was available, I have chosen to emphasize the geometric over the stochastic aspect of the topic at hand. In particular, I never have made explicit use here

of Itô's stochastic calculus. In spite of the grand and beautiful edifice erected by L. Schwartz, R. Darling, P.A. Meyer, and others (cf. [14] for an excellent explanation of their ideas or Ikeda and Watanabe's famous [22] for a more standard treatment) to convince me and the world otherwise, I remain firmly convinced that Stratonovich calculus is the calculus of choice if one wants to maximize one's geometric insight into stochastic analysis on differentiable manifolds. Thus, I have, from the outset, solved all "my stochastic integral equations" (the quotation marks are here because this is the last time that the term "stochastic integral equation" makes an appearance in this book) by passing to limits after mollification. My hope was that this procedure will make the book more accessible to readers who have not been reared in the probabilistic tradition. My fear is that I may very well have produced a book which is incomprehensible equally to the probabilistic and differential geometric communities. Be that as it may, here is a summary of the material which I have tried to convey.

Because I did not want to assume that my reader is acquainted with Wiener measure, I have devoted Chapter 1 to the construction of Wiener measure and a brief resume of some of its properties. There are, by now, a myriad construction methods. The one which I have chosen is basically the one given by P. Lévy. Not only is Lévy's construction stunningly beautiful, it has the advantage that, in some sense, it sets the pattern for all the other constructions which follow.

Following Itô's ideas, but not his procedure, I use the techniques, originally explained in [39], to show in Chapters 2 and 3 how one can massage Wiener paths into the paths of more general diffusions on  $\mathbb{R}^N$ . Chapter 2 covers the basic case, the one in which everything is sufficiently bounded that no problems about possible explosion ever arise. In Chapter 3, it is shown that much of what is done in Chapter 2 continues to hold even after the boundedness assumptions are removed. In addition, Chapter 3 addresses several other topics of importance, chief of which are subordination and invariant measures.

Differentiable manifolds make their initial appearance in Chapter 4, where they appear as an embedded submanifold  $M$  of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ . First it is shown that quite general diffusions on  $M$  can be viewed as special cases of the diffusions constructed in Chapters 2 and 3. Second, when  $M$  is given the Riemannian structure which it inherits from  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , it is shown that the Brownian motion on  $M$  can be realized by "projecting" Wiener paths from the ambient  $\mathbb{R}^N$  onto  $M$ .<sup>1</sup> The unabashedly extrinsic ideas initiated in Chapter 4 are developed further in Chapters 5 and 6. Specifically, curvature considerations are introduced in Chapter 5, where, in connection with Yau's non-explosion criterion,

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<sup>1</sup> So far as I know, the first time that such a construction of Brownian motion appears is when, as Itô pointed out, I had stumbled upon it in [38] for the 2-sphere in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Subsequently, John Lewis [26] realized that the same construction works in general, although he lost the interpretation in terms of a projection. Nonetheless, the projection reappeared in the treatment given by Chris Rogers and David Williams [33].

I present the first evidence that Ricci curvature has a lot to say about the behavior of Brownian paths. Further evidence of the same fact is provided in Chapter 6, where I prove Bochner's identity in an integrated form which leads to a beautiful interpretation given by J.-M. Bismut in [3].

The rest of the book takes an intrinsic point of view. In Chapter 7, it is explained how the material in Chapters 2, 3, and 4 transfers, without difficulty, to the setting of an abstract differentiable manifold  $M$ . In particular, Chapter 7 ends with a "dirty," hands-on construction of Brownian motion via localization. In order to prepare the way for the intrinsic construction of Brownian motion due to Eells, Elworthy, and Malliavin (cf. [11] and [29]), Chapter 8 starts with a quick summary of the basic facts about the bundle  $\mathcal{O}(M)$  of orthonormal frames, gives the E-E-M construction of Brownian motion as the projection from  $\mathcal{O}(M)$  to  $M$  of the diffusion on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$  associated with Bochner's Laplacian, and ends with a demonstration that all the essentially intrinsic results proved earlier about Brownian motion on a submanifold are, if anything, easier to understand in this abstract setting.

Chapter 9 is something of a digression. The idea is to expose how systematic use of normal coordinates enters into the study of Brownian motion on a manifold. Not surprisingly, the applications are strictly local. For example, it is shown how familiar expansions of the metric in normal coordinates are manifested in the computation of the exit time and exit place of Brownian motion from very small balls.

Finally, in the concluding chapter I take up the topic which originally stimulated my own interest in Brownian paths on Riemannian manifolds. Namely, for many years I worked on a set of ideas which I dubbed the *Malliavin calculus*. The essential, unifying theme of these ideas is that useful analytic information can be obtained from doing differential calculus in pathspace. More precisely, by perturbing paths and examining the infinitesimal response of their distribution to the perturbation, one can gain insight into various analytic quantities which are representable in terms of distribution of those paths. I had (most successfully with Shigeo Kusuoka) practiced this art in the Euclidean context. Around the same time, Jean-Michel Bismut (cf. [3]) was taking the initial steps which are necessary if one wants to do the same thing in a differential geometric setting. Somewhat later, Bismut's program was given an enormous boost by Bruce Driver's key article [9]. Motivated, at least in part, by the desire not to read all 104 pages of Driver's paper, Ognian Enchev and I embarked on a program to obtain Driver's conclusions on our own, and Chapter 10 is derived from the paper [15] which grew out of our efforts.

Finally, I have to recognize the critical role that my friend S.-T. Yau has played in all this. In particular, Yau consistently challenged me to come up with something that probability theory could do that Yau himself could not. Of course, I knew all along that such an example does not exist, but I was damned if I would tell Yau. Now I have.

Daniel W. Stroock, June 1999

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# Index

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- A**
- adapted, 44  
     $\{\mathcal{F}_t : t \geq 0\}$ -adapted, 44
- B**
- $\mathcal{B}_t$ , 8  
 $\tilde{\mathcal{B}}_T$ , 43  
Bianchi identities  
    first, 121  
    second, 195  
Bianchi identity  
    first, 196  
Bismut factor, 161  
    on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 204  
Bismut's formula, 161, 205, 249  
Bochner's identity  
    stochastic version, 144  
    via perturbation, 240  
    submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 145  
Bochner's Laplacian, 185  
Brownian motion  
    by projection from  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 187  
    in normal coordinates, 210  
    local construction, 174  
    normal to a submanifold, 100  
    on a submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 99  
bundle of orthonormal frames, 178  
    section of, 179  
Burkholder's Inequality, 48
- C**
- Cameron–Martin formula, 13  
canonical vector field  $\mathcal{E}(\xi)$ , 181  
Cartan's structural equations, 194  
centered Gaussian random variable, 1  
Chapman–Kolmogorov equation, 150  
Christoffel symbols, 169  
commutator of vector fields, 33  
complete Riemannian manifold, 184  
complete vector field, 30, 166  
    forward, 29  
    conditional expectation, 20  
    connection 1-form  $\omega$ , 181  
    coordinate chart, 165  
    coupling, 218  
        Kendell's, 242  
    covariant derivative, 169  
        along a path, 117  
        in terms of  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 183  
        submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 116  
    curvature 2-form  $\Omega$ , 193  
        equivariance of, 194  
    cut locus, 207  
    cut point, 207
- D**
- $\delta_s \mathbf{w}$ , 54  
development map, 188  
diffeomorphism group, 90  
distribution of a random variable, 5  
     $\nu$ -distribution, 34  
divergence  
    Euclidean, 79  
    for submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 93  
    in terms of o.n. vector fields, 171  
    local definition, 167  
Doob's Inequality, 39  
Doob's Stopping Time Theorem, 22
- E**
- Einstein manifold, 262  
exit place  
    from small Riemannian balls, 226  
exit time  
    from small Riemannian balls, 223  
explosion, 59, 66  
    of Brownian motion, 200  
exponential map, 207

**F**

Feller continuous, 81  
 Feynman's picture of Wiener measure  
   for  $\mathbb{R}^d$ , 17  
   for  $M$ , 188  
 fiber map on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 178  
 first Bianchi identity, 196  
 first exit time, 62  
 first structural equation, 194  
 flow, 29  
   semigroup property, 29  
 formal adjoint, 82  
 forward complete vector field, 29  
 frame, 178  
   as an isometry, 178

**G**

Gauss Lemma, 214  
 Gaussian family, 2  
 geodesic, 184  
 $\text{Grad}^M$  operation on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 201  
 gradient, 168  
   for submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 96  
   in terms of  $\text{Grad}^M$  on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 202  
 group of homeomorphisms, 78

**H**

Hölder conjugate, 6  
 Hörmander form operator, 27  
 heat kernel, 149, 211, 258  
   derivative estimates, 260  
   estimate, 258  
 Hessian operator  $H^M$ , 173  
   in terms of  $\text{Hess}^M$  on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 202  
 horizontal  
   curve, 180  
   lift of curve, 180  
   lift of vector, 180  
   part of vector, 182  
   subspace of  $T_1\mathcal{D}(M)$ , 181  
   vector, 181

**I**

independent increments of Wiener process, 1  
   strong form, 54  
 injection radius, 216  
 integral curve, 24  
 invariant measure, 82

**J**

Jacobi field, 213  
 Jacobian  
   for submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 92  
   process, 137

**K**

Kendell's coupling, 242  
 Kolmogorov's Continuity Criterion, 77

**L**

Laplacian, 95, 168  
   as trace of the Hessian, 173  
   in terms of canonical vector fields, 185  
   in terms of div and grad, 95  
   local coordinates, 96  
   spectrum, 148  
 length of a vector in  $T_xM$ , 167  
 Levi-Civita connection, 117, 168  
 Li-Yau estimate, 152, 261  
   for Einstein manifold, 264  
 Lichnerowicz estimate, 149  
 Lie algebra  
   of  $\mathcal{O}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ , 179  
   of  $\mathcal{O}(\mathbb{R}^N)$ , 113  
 localization of martingale problem, 61  
 logarithmic Sobolev inequality, 155

**M**

Markov  
   property, 67  
   strong, 67  
 martingale, 21  
 $\mathbb{P}$ -martingale, 21  
 martingale problem, 27  
   submanifolds of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 90  
   time-dependent, 73  
   well-posed, 67  
     submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 90  
 mean curvature normal, 102, 117  
 minimal geodesic, 122, 197  
 minimal submanifold, 104, 118, 131  
   non-explosion of Brownian motion, 104  
   transience of Brownian motion, 119  
 $\mu_{\mathbb{R}^d}$ , *see* Wiener measure

## N

non-explosion criterion, 66  
 commuting vector fields, 59  
 extended, 88  
 extrinsic criterion for Brownian motion, 103  
 for submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 95  
 Yau's, 199  
 normal coordinate systems, 208  
 null set for a measure, 11

## O

orthogonal group, 112  
 action on  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 178

## P

$\mathbb{P}_x^{\mathcal{L}}$ , 27  
 $\mathbb{P}_x^M$ , 99  
 Paley–Wiener integrals, 10  
 parallel transport, 170  
 along Brownian paths, 113, 188  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 111  
 pathspace  
 $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{R}^N)$ , 27  
 $\mathcal{P}(M)$ , 90  
 $\Pi_x^M$ , 97  
 $\mathbb{P}$ -martingale, 21  
 $\mathbb{P}_f^{\mathcal{O}(M)}$ , 187  
 pushforward  
 map, 90  
 measure, 5

## R

random holonomy along Brownian path, 162  
 Ricci curvature, 121, 196  
 traceless, 226  
 Riemann curvature, 195  
 in terms of  $\Omega$ , 195  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 121  
 Riemann manifold, 167  
 Riemann measure, 167  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 92  
 Riemannian connection  
 abstract setting, 168  
 for submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 117  
 Riemannian distance, 197  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 122  
 Riemannian metric, 167  
 right invariant vector field on  $\mathcal{O}(\mathbb{R}^N)$ , 113  
 rolling a curve, 184

## S

second Bianci identity, 195  
 second derivatives  
 of heat kernel, 260  
 of the heat flow, 255  
 second fundamental form, 118  
 second structural equation, 194  
 section of  $\mathcal{O}(M)$ , 179  
 semigroup, 56  
 contraction, 55  
 Feller, 81  
 invariant measure for, 82  
 Markov, 81  
 symmetric measure for, 84  
 shift map, 64  
 solder form  $\phi$ , 181  
 splicing measures, 64  
 stopping time, 54  
 strong independent increment property, 54  
 strong Markov property, 56  
 subordination, 74  
 symmetric measure for a semigroup, 84

## T

tangent space  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 89  
 tangent space  $T_x M$  to  $M$  at  $x$ , 165  
 time-space, 70  
 torsion free  
 Riemannian connection, 168  
 torsion free Riemannian connection  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 117

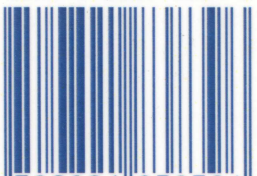
## V

vector field, 166  
 along a curve, 117  
 complete, 166  
 forward complete, 29  
 vector fields  
 submanifold of  $\mathbb{R}^N$ , 89  
 version of a stochastic process, 53  
 vertical  
 part of vector, 182  
 subspace of  $T_f(\mathcal{O}(M))$ , 179  
 vertical vector field  $\lambda(a)$ , 179

## W

Wiener measure  
 rotation invariance, 9  
 scaling invariance, 11  
 standard on  $\mathfrak{W}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ , 8

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