instrumentality of algebraic continued fractions leading to a somewhat full and independent discussion of the theory of such fractions.

A few typographical errors have been observed, none of which would be confusing to the reader. The formulas in x, pages 33–34, should, of course, be expressed in terms of z. The word sixth, page 29, line 20, is apparently incorrect, as Humbert states explicitly (Liouville, 1893, page 436) that the minimum degree of hyperelliptic surfaces is not yet determined, but he believes it to be eight, and considers a number of cases of surfaces of that degree (pages 436–449).

The book is unfortunately printed on very thick paper; while not bulky, it could have been made into a more tasty and compact volume of less than half the thickness.

J. I. Hutchinson.

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CORRECTION.

The following correction should be made in the paper by Mr. Lennes in the October Bulletin: Page 14, lines 14-16, for where M is the difference \cdots of f(x) on ab read where M is twice the least upper bound of the absolute value of f(x) on ab.

NOTES.

By arrangement with The Macmillan Company a limited number of copies of the Chicago Congress Mathematical Papers are offered to members of the American Mathematical Society at \$1.50 per volume, one half the former price. Orders should be sent direct to the Macmillan Company or to the Secretary of the Society, no commission being allowed to agents. Details concerning the book will be found in the advertising pages of the Bulletin.

THE seventy-sixth annual meeting of the British association for the advancement of science was held at York, England, August 3 to 8. Professor R. Lankester was president of the association, and Dr. E. H. Griffiths president of section A,