does not form an exception. The existence of $G_8$ when $p > 3$ may be proved in exactly the same manner as when $p = 3$. Each of the five groups $G_1$, $G_3$, $G_5$, $G_7$, $G_8$ is conformal with the abelian group of type $(m-3, 1, 1)$, $G_2$ and $G_4$ are conformal with the abelian group of type $(m-3, 2)$ while $G_6$ is conformal with the one of type $(m-1, 1)$. Four of these groups ($G_1$, $G_2$, $G_5$, $G_6$) contain invariant cyclic subgroups of order $p^{m-2}$ while these subgroups are conjugate, in sets of $p$, in the remaining four groups.

W. F. Osgood: *On a fundamental theorem* …

P. 278, l. 5. *After point insert* and no two curves corresponding to two distinct values of $a$ will intersect each other.

E. J. Wilczynski: *Geometry of a simultaneous system* …

P. 359, l. 10 up. *For* form $y = \lambda \eta, z = \mu \zeta$ *read* form (2).

L. E. Dickson: *Theory of linear groups in an arbitrary field.*

P. 370, l. 5. *For* $T_{s-1} \cdots T_{3-1}$ *read* $T_{2-1} \cdots T_{s-1}$.


P. 377, l. 15. *For* $\Sigma s'$ “ $\Sigma s'$.

P. 384, l. 9. “ $Y'_{13} \eta_3$ “ $+ Y'_{12} \eta_3$.

P. 388, l. 15. “ subscript $- \lambda \nu^{-1}$ “ $- \lambda \nu$.

P. 388, l. 8 up. “ $p^{6n} \Omega_1$ “ $(p^{6n} - 1) \Omega_1$.

P. 390, l. 7 up. “ $\xi_1$ “ $\eta_i$.

Pp. 383–391. For the simplicity of the group $H'$ in the excluded case of modulus 2, see the report in the *Bulletin*, November, 1902, of the Ninth Summer Meeting of the Society at Evanston.

O. Stolz: *Zur Erklärung der Bogenlänge* …

P. 31, l. 17. *For* $\sum r f_r d_r$ *read* $\sum_r f_r \delta_r$.

P. 35, l. 13. “ $\kappa$ “ $\Delta$.

L. E. Dickson: *The groups of Steiner in problems of contact.*

P. 44, l. 22. *For* $(00 x_2 y_2 x_3 y_3 \cdots)$ *read* $(00 x_2 y_2 x_3 y_3 \cdots)$. 

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