
The criterion for $u_0$-positivity used in Theorem 3.2 is valid in $C(\Omega)$, not $L^2(\Omega)$. Thus the present statement of the arguments of §3 would require the additional hypothesis that $(L_\gamma + \gamma I)^{-1}$ is compact in $C(\Omega)$.

However the assumption of compactness is required only to show existence in connection with property (*) while uniqueness follows from $u_0$-positivity alone. Since existence is hypothesized throughout §3, the stated results remain valid.