other source which seems to give as easy access to the ideas involved in studies of fast and complex circuitry (such as [1], for example).

The author has included a chapter on computer organization and control and one programming. These are fairly superficial accounts suitable for project engineers but certainly not sufficiently complete to serve as serious expositions of these complicated subjects. Presumably these chapters were added to describe the general machine to the engineer working on its components. However, the subjects treated are not completely within the scope of Boolean algebra (as the author notes on p. 339) and hence not completely within the scope of this book.

In short, the author has prepared a well-directed set of notes for use as a practical handbook for anyone interested in the inside of an electronic computing instrument. The book contains no problems for solution by the reader, but otherwise it is entirely suitable for use as a textbook for a course covered by the material accorded attention.

The table of contents follows. Chapter 1. Symbolic Representation of Quantities, Chapter 2. Boolean Algebra Applied to Computer Components, Chapter 3. Switching Networks, Chapter 4. Binary Addition and Subtraction, Chapter 5. Binary Multiplication and Division, Chapter 6. Decimal Codes, Chapter 7. Counting, Binary and Decimal, Chapter 8. Decimal Addition and Subtraction, Chapter 9. Decimal Multiplication and Division, Chapter 10. Miscellaneous Operations, Chapter 11. Computer Organization and Control, Chapter 12. Programming, Bibliography, and Index.

C. B. T.

1. A. Weinberger & J. L. Smith, "A One-Microsecond Adder Using One-Megacycle Circuitry," IRE Trans. on Electronic Computers, v. EC-5, 1956, p. 65-73. This article also appears under the title, "The Logical Design of a 1-Microsecond Parallel Adder using 1-Megacycle Circuitry," in Western Joint Computer Conference, *Proc.*, Feb. 7-9, 1956, San Francisco, California, sponsored by The Am. Inst. of Elec. Engineers, The Assn. for Computing Machinery, and the Inst. of Radio Engineers. Pub. by Am. Inst. of Elec. Engineers, New York, 1956, p. 103-108.

## TABLE ERRATA

Reviews in this issue mention errata in the following works:

D. K. C. MACDONALD & LOIS T. TOWLE, "Integrals of interest in metallic conductivity," Review 37, p. 38-39.

MICHIO TAKASHIMA, "Tables for testing randomness by means of lengths of runs," Review 27, p. 33.

## NOTES

## Societa Italiana per il progresso delle scienze

The 46th congress of this Society met in Sicily, 15–21 September 1956. During the meeting the fiftieth anniversary of its foundation was celebrated. In the inaugural session, which was attended by Prime Minister Segni, Professor Mauro Picone paid an eloquent tribute to Vito Volterra, who was one of the original group which founded the SIPS. Professor Picone, who is the Director of the Istituto Nazionale del Applicazioni del Calcolo, organized the Mathematics Section of the Congress, the theme of which was the progress in mathematical analysis due to automation; the Secretary of the Mathematics Section was Dr.