

**TABLE ERRATA**

**308.**—A. ERDÉLYI, W. MAGNUS, F. OBERHETTINGER & F. TRICOMI, *Higher Transcendental Functions*, McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., New York, 1953.

The following corrections should be made in this work:

Volume I

P. 104, eq. (43); for  $(c - a)F(c + 1)$  read  $(c - a)zF(c + 1)$ .

P. 145, eq. (24): replace italic  $P$  and  $Q$  by their roman equivalents.

P. 150, second of eqs. (13): for  $i$ , read  $-i$ .

Volume II

P. 321, eq. (22): for  $k'$ , read  $k'^2$ ; and for  $E(\theta, k)$ , read  $E(\theta, k')$ .

J. C. COOKE

Aerodynamics Department  
Royal Aircraft Establishment  
Farnborough, Hampshire  
England

**309.**—MERVIN E. MULLER, "An inverse method for the generation of random normal deviates on large-scale computers," *MTAC*, v. 12, 1958, p. 167-174.

The following errors have been noted in Table 5, "Inverse Values for the Normal Distribution":

$j$	$F(x_j)$			$x_j$		
			reads		should read	
36	0.64062 500	0.36013	003	0.36012	989	
92	0.85937 500	1.07750	557	1.07751	557	
96	0.87500 000	1.15035	938	1.15034	938	
100	0.89062 500	1.22984	876	1.22985	876	
102	0.89843 750	1.27268	865	1.27269	865	
110	0.92968 750	1.47345	903	1.47346	759	
116	0.95312 500	1.67594	192	1.67593	973	
119	0.96484 375	1.80989	233	1.80989	224	

G. MILLER CLARK

Ohio State University  
Columbus 12, Ohio

**310.**—D. J. FINNEY, "The Fisher-Yates test of significance in  $2 \times 2$  contingency tables," *Biometrika*, v. 35, Parts 1 and 2, May 1948.

These tables have been checked against *Tables of the Hypergeometric Probability Distribution*, by G. J. Lieberman and D. B. Owen, Stanford University Press, 1961. All the entries were found to be correct, except for the following typographical error:

p. 149     $A = 6, B = 5, a = 6$     Probability = 0.025  
for 0 .015                            read 1 .015.

This error is reproduced in Table 38 on page 188 of *Biometrika Tables for Statisticians*, Volume 1, by E. S. Pearson and H. O. Hartley, University Press, Cambridge, 1954.

ANNA M. GLINSKI

JOHN VAN DYKE

National Bureau of Standards  
Washington 25, D. C.

311.—R. LATSCHA, "Tests of significance in a  $2 \times 2$  contingency table: extension of Finney's table," *Biometrika*, v. 40, Parts 1 and 2, June 1953, p. 74–86.

These tables have been checked against the Lieberman-Owen *Tables of the Hypergeometric Probability Distribution*, and the following errors noted.

A	B	<i>a</i>	prob.	for	read
16	10	14	0.05	4 .018	4 .017
16	10	14	0.025	4 .018	4 .017
16	4	15	0.005	1 .001	0 .001
17	4	16	0.05	1 .011	1 .012
17	4	16	0.025	1 .011	1 .012
19	16	13	0.025	4 .012	4 .012
19	8	15	0.05	2 .013	2 .014
19	8	15	0.025	2 .013	2 .014
19	6	19	0.05	4 .050—	4 .050
20	15	17	0.005	5 .002	5 .003
20	12	19	0.05	7 .019	7 .018
20	12	19	0.025	7 .019	7 .018

In order to be consistent with the method of construction for this table, in which the value of *b* recorded is the greatest significant value for which the corresponding probability is less than or equal to the probability shown at the head of the column, the following additional line should be inserted in the appropriate place in the table:

A	B	<i>a</i>	0.05	Probability		
				0.025	0.01	0.005
19	1	19	0 .050	---	-----	---

ANNA M. GLINSKI

JOHN VAN DYKE

### Corrigenda

ANDRES ZAVROTSKY, "Construccion de una escala continua de las operaciones aritmeticas," *Math. Comp.*, Review 63, v. 15, 1961, p. 299–300.

On page 300, line 7, *instead of*  $L^n x = H(Gx - 1)$ , *read*  $L^n x = H(Gx - n)$ .