

**Meeting:** 1000, Albuquerque, New Mexico, SS 8A, Special Session on Interactions in Riemannian Geometry

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A conformal transformation of an isoparametric hypersurface in a sphere is not, in general, an isoparametric hypersurface. By a theorem of T. Cecil's, however, the Legendre lift of an isoparametric hypersurface has a simple Lie geometric characterization. In the case of four distinct curvature spheres, Münzner showed that there can be at most two distinct multiplicities  $m_1, m_2$ , and Stolz showed that the pair  $(m_1, m_2)$  must either be  $(2, 2)$ ,  $(4, 5)$ , or be equal to the multiplicities of an isoparametric hypersurface of FKM-type, constructed by Ferus, Karcher, and Münzner. The Legendre lift of an isoparametric hypersurface of FKM-type satisfies a necessary and sufficient condition in terms of the Lie sphere theoretic invariants. We prove that if  $m_2 \geq 3m_1 - 1$ , then the isoparametric hypersurface satisfies this condition, hence must be of FKM-type. (Received August 20, 2004)