1009-52-37 A. Heppes^{*} (aheppes@renyi.hu), Vercse u 24/A, Budapest, Hungary. The role of distance in Helly type transversal problems. Preliminary report.

A family of at least k discs is a T(k)-family if every subset of k members has a line transversal, i. e. a line meeting all members of the subset. Under certain further conditions, e. g. if the discs are congruent and disjoint and $k \ge 5$, a T(k)-family has a common line transversal. The smallest such k is called the transversal Helly number of the family. The first part of the talk is a short survey of known related results. In the second part the initial results of a new direction of research are presented in which disjointness is relaxed and replaced by a lower bound for the smallest mutual distance t of the centers of the congruent discs. It turns out that the Helly number exists for any t > 0 and it is a decreasing function of t. (Received July 19, 2005)