1033-05-64 Xiangqian Zhou* (zhx@marshall.edu), Department of Mathematics, Marshall University, Huntington, WV 25755, Talmage J Reid, 38677, and Haidong Wu. On Minimally $k$-Connected Matroids.
A graph $G$ is minimally $k$-connected if $G$ is $k$-connected and, for each edge $e \in E(G), G \backslash e$ is not $k$-connected. Halin showed that a minimally $k$-connected graph has a vertex of degree $k$. The existence of vertices of degree $k$ in minimally $k$-connected graphs has proven to be very useful in studying the structure of $k$-connected graphs.
A matroid $M$ is minimally $k$-connected if $M$ is $k$-connected, and for every $e \in E(M), M \backslash e$ is not $k$-connected. It is conjectured that every minimally $k$-connected matroid with at least $2(k-1)$ elements has a cocircuit of size $k$. For $k=2$ and 3, Murty (1974) and Wong (1978) resolved this conjecture affirmatively. We prove that a minimally 4-connected matroid has a cocircuit of size 4 unless it is isomorphic to a special matroid with 9 elements. We also construct a counterexample to the conjecture for each $k \geq 5$.

This is joint work with James Reid and Haidong Wu. (Received August 30, 2007)

