1033-05-64 Xiangqian Zhou\* (zhx@marshall.edu), Department of Mathematics, Marshall University, Huntington, WV 25755, Talmage J Reid, 38677, and Haidong Wu. On Minimally k-Connected Matroids.

A graph G is minimally k-connected if G is k-connected and, for each edge  $e \in E(G)$ ,  $G \setminus e$  is not k-connected. Halin showed that a minimally k-connected graph has a vertex of degree k. The existence of vertices of degree k in minimally k-connected graphs has proven to be very useful in studying the structure of k-connected graphs.

A matroid M is minimally k-connected if M is k-connected, and for every  $e \in E(M)$ ,  $M \setminus e$  is not k-connected. It is conjectured that every minimally k-connected matroid with at least 2(k-1) elements has a cocircuit of size k. For k=2 and 3, Murty (1974) and Wong (1978) resolved this conjecture affirmatively. We prove that a minimally 4-connected matroid has a cocircuit of size 4 unless it is isomorphic to a special matroid with 9 elements. We also construct a counterexample to the conjecture for each k > 5.

This is joint work with James Reid and Haidong Wu. (Received August 30, 2007)