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# From the AMS



(left to right) Edward Ahnert, president of the Exxon Education Foundation, AMS President Cathleen Morawetz, and Robert Witte, senior program officer for Exxon.

## Council Congratulates Exxon Education Foundation

At the Summer Mathfest in Burlington in August, the AMS Council passed a resolution congratulating the Exxon Education Foundation on its fortieth anniversary. AMS President Cathleen Morawetz presented the resolution during the awards banquet to Edward Ahnert, president of the Exxon Education Foundation, and to Robert Witte, senior program officer with Exxon. For many years Exxon has supported the work of the AMS. In recent years, following its support of the AMS strategic plan, Exxon increased its funding of Society activities, particularly those related to education. Both the Arnold Ross Lectures and the Task Force on Excellence in Mathematics Scholarship are being supported by the Exxon Education Foundation. The Council resolution expressed the Society's appreciation to the Exxon Education Foundation for its service to mathemat-

ics. The Exxon Education Foundation funds programs in mathematics education, elementary and secondary school improvement, undergraduate general education, and undergraduate developmental education.

—Timothy Goggins, AMS Development Officer

## AMS Task Force Receives Two Grants

The AMS recently received two new grants in support of its Task Force on Excellence in Mathematical Scholarship. The Task Force is carrying out a program of focus groups, site visits, and information gathering aimed at developing ways for mathematical sciences departments in doctoral institutions to work more effectively. With an initial grant of \$50,000 from the Exxon Education Foundation, the Task Force began its work by organizing a number of focus groups. The AMS has now received a second grant of \$50,000 from the Exxon Education Foundation, as well as a grant of \$165,000 from the National Science Foundation.

For further information about the work of the Task Force, see "Building Excellence in Doctoral Mathematics Departments", *Notices*, November/December 1995, pages 1170-1171.

—Timothy Goggins, AMS Development Officer

## Rankin Heads AMS Washington Office

Samuel M. Rankin III has been appointed associate executive director and director of the AMS Washington Office. A professor of mathematics and a former department head of mathematical sciences at Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Rankin has held two other positions at the AMS.

Most recently, he served as associate executive director for Programs and Services and previously as associate executive director for Publications.

In his position at the Washington Office, Rankin will oversee a variety of AMS projects aimed at raising awareness of the importance of mathematics within the federal government and the general public. He will also facilitate advocacy for strong support of mathematical sciences research. He will work closely with the Joint Policy Board for Mathematics, which has well-established government affairs and public awareness efforts, as well as with the Mathematical Association of America and other Washington-based scientific societies.

As director of the Washington Office, Rankin will provide staff liaison support for the AMS Committees on Education and on Science Policy. In this role, he will work closely with the chairs of these committees to facilitate implementation of actions and projects growing out of the committees' work.

"My emphasis in Washington will be to develop contacts with key staff and members of Congress so as to provide timely information to them about the mathematical sciences," Rankin says. At the same time, he intends to provide the mathematical sciences community with current information about federal priorities and decisions affecting science funding, with special focus on how they can affect the mathematical sciences. "A sustained two-way communication of this type is necessary in order to have maximum impact," he remarks. "We must continue to connect the support for scientific research to economic well-being, quality education, and technological advancement."

Rankin received his A.B. from Elon College and his Ph.D. from Vanderbilt University. He was professor of mathematics at West Virginia University from 1977 to 1987. During 1980–1981, he was on leave as a visiting researcher at Carnegie Mellon University and Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, and during 1981–1982 he was on leave as a visiting researcher at the Mathematics Research Center at the University of Wisconsin, Madison. From 1985 to 1987, he served as a program advisor for the optimization and discrete mathematics programs of the Air Force Office of Scientific Research. In 1987, he moved to Worcester Polytechnic Institute to take the position of department head of mathematical sciences, which he held until January of this year. His areas of research are differential and integral equations and nonlinear analysis. Rankin initiated the development of the popular AMS publication *What's Happening in the Mathematical Sciences*, obtaining funding for this project from the Exxon Education Foundation and the Sloan Foundation. Currently, he is co-principal investigator with James Crowley, executive director of the Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics (SIAM), for the Sloan-funded AMS-SIAM project on non-traditional employment for mathematics doctorates.

Rankin has also been active in the mathematics education reform movement, especially in championing curricular and pedagogical innovations in calculus, statistics, linear algebra, and differential equations at Worcester. He helped form a statewide mathematics coalition in Massachusetts and served as one of the initial codirectors. He also

launched "Saturday Morning Coffee Hours" for Worcester area K-12 teachers. In addition, he has been active in establishing undergraduate and graduate student projects with business and industry in the Worcester area.

—Allyn Jackson

## Mathematical Sciences Career Information Available on the World Wide Web

The AMS and SIAM have jointly produced a Mathematical Sciences Career Information home page, accessible beginning in late October or early November on the World Wide Web (WWW). The aim is to provide services and information to the mathematical sciences community regarding nonacademic employment. The site includes an interactive careers bulletin board featuring career profiles of mathematicians working in industry or government and a forum that allows questions to be posed directly to the mathematicians profiled. Also accessible from the Career Information home page is a mathematical applications section designed to provide information about the broad range of mathematical fields used in industry and the various types of applied problems mathematicians work on in nonacademic settings. For students interested in how to start a job search, information about books and articles on career planning and links to other online resources, including online job listing services, are also provided. The Career Information home page is accessible either through the AMS e-MATH Employment Information WWW page, <http://www.ams.org/employ/>, or the SIAM WWW page, <http://siam.org/>.

The October careers bulletin board includes a profile of David S. Ross, senior research scientist for Eastman Kodak and a member of the Applied Mathematics and Statistics Group at Kodak's Research Labs in Rochester, NY. He works together with other scientists at the Labs, building models for researching new products and manufacturing techniques. Also profiled is Margaret Wright, distinguished member of the technical staff, at AT&T Bell Labs, Murray Hill, NJ. As a member of the Scientific Computing Department, she splits her time between basic research into theory and algorithms in optimization and linear algebra and solution of real-world optimization problems. Wright is also currently president of SIAM. David Ross, Margaret Wright, and the other mathematicians profiled in October are participants in the October forum and are available to answer career questions submitted by users during the month. The user may choose a particular participant and pose a question. The profiled mathematicians check the bulletin board frequently for queries directed to them and post responses. Each month a new group of mathematicians is profiled and available through the forum to answer questions about their careers. At the end of each month, the forum for that month is closed. The profiles, together with the questions and answers, are archived so new users can obtain infor-

mation on previously featured mathematicians and their careers.

The Career Information home page is the first phase of the Nontraditional Career Opportunities in Mathematics Project, a joint effort by AMS-SIAM to inform graduate and undergraduate mathematical sciences students about the career choices available to them. The project is funded by the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation as part of an ongoing effort to provide better resources to scientists seeking nonacademic employment. The next phase of this project is a survey of mathematical scientists with final degrees from the baccalaureate to the doctoral level. The survey will provide information about their career paths, and the results will be available on the Career Information home page. The third phase is the distribution of the material available over the WWW in different formats so as to reach a wider audience. This may include the production of a multimedia, interactive CD-ROM produced in collaboration with other professional scientific organizations receiving funding from Sloan for similar career projects.

—Linda C. Thiel, Project Director

## Bylaws of the American Mathematical Society

### Article I

#### Officers

**Section 1.** There shall be a president, a president-elect (during the even-numbered years only), an ex-president (during the odd-numbered years only), three vice-presidents, a secretary, four associate secretaries, a treasurer, and an associate treasurer.

**Section 2.** It shall be a duty of the president to deliver an address before the Society at the close of the term of office or within one year thereafter.

### Article II

#### Board of Trustees

**Section 1.** There shall be a Board of Trustees consisting of eight trustees, five trustees elected by the Society in accordance with Article VII, together with the president, the treasurer, and the associate treasurer of the Society *ex officio*. The Board of Trustees shall designate its own presiding officer and secretary.

**Section 2.** The function of the Board of Trustees shall be to receive and administer the funds of the Society, to have full legal control of its investments and properties, to make contracts, and, in general, to conduct all business affairs of the Society.

**Section 3.** The Board of Trustees shall have the power to appoint such assistants and agents as may be necessary or convenient to facilitate the conduct of the affairs of the Society, and to fix the terms and conditions of their em-

ployment. The Board may delegate to the officers of the Society duties and powers normally inhering in their respective corporate offices, subject to supervision by the Board. The Board of Trustees may appoint committees to facilitate the conduct of the financial business of the Society and delegate to such committees such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the proper exercise of those powers. Agents appointed, or members of committees designated, by the Board of Trustees need not be members of the Board.

Nothing herein contained shall be construed to empower the Board of Trustees to divest itself of responsibility for, or legal control of, the investments, properties, and contracts of the Society.

### Article III

#### Committees

**Section 1.** There shall be nine editorial committees as follows: committees for the *Bulletin*, for the *Proceedings*, for the *Colloquium Publications*, for the *Journal*, for *Mathematical Surveys and Monographs*, for *Mathematical Reviews*; a joint committee for the *Transactions* and the *Memoirs*; a committee consisting of the representatives of the Society on the Board of Editors of the *American Journal of Mathematics*; and a committee for *Mathematics of Computation*.

**Section 2.** The size of each committee shall be determined by the Council.

### Article IV

#### Council

**Section 1.** The Council shall consist of fifteen members-at-large and the following *ex officio* members: the officers of the Society specified in Article I, except that it shall include only one associate secretary, the chairman of each of the editorial committees specified in Article III, any former secretary for a period of two years following the terms of office, and members of the Executive Committee (Article V) who remain on the Council by the operation of Article VII, Section 4.

The chairman of any committee designated as a Council member may name a deputy from the committee as substitute. The associate secretary shall be the one charged with the scientific program of the meeting at which the Council meets except that at a meeting associated with no scientific meeting of the Society the secretary may designate the associate secretary.

**Section 2.** The Council shall formulate and administer the scientific policies of the Society and shall act in an advisory capacity to the Board of Trustees.

**Section 3.** In the absence of the secretary from any meeting of the Council, a member may be designated as acting secretary for the meeting, either by written authorization of the secretary, or, failing that, by the presiding officer.

**Section 4.** All members of the Council shall be voting members. Each member, including deputies and the designated associate secretary, shall have one vote. The method for settling matters before the Council at any meeting shall

be by majority vote of the members present. If the result of a vote is challenged, it shall be the duty of the presiding officer to determine the true vote by a roll call. In a roll call vote, each Council member shall vote only once (although possibly a member of the Council in several capacities).

**Section 5.** Any five members of the Council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the Council.

**Section 6.** Between meetings of the Council, business may be transacted by a mail vote. Votes shall be counted as specified in Section 4 of this Article, "members present" being replaced by "members voting." An affirmative vote by mail on any proposal shall be declared if, and only if, (a) more than half of the total number of possible votes is received by the time announced for the closing of the polls, and (b) at least three-quarters of the votes received by then are affirmative. If five or more members request postponement at the time of voting, action on the matter at issue shall be postponed until the next meeting of the Council, unless either (1) at the discretion of the secretary, the question is made the subject of a second vote by mail, in connection with which brief statements of reason, for and against, are circulated; or (2) the Council places the matter at issue before the Executive Committee for action.

**Section 7.** The Council may delegate to the Executive Committee certain of its duties and powers. Between meetings of the Council, the Executive Committee shall act for the Council on such matters and in such ways as the Council may specify. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as empowering the Council to divest itself of responsibility for formulating and administering the scientific policies of the Society.

**Section 8.** The Council shall also have power to speak in the name of the Society with respect to matters affecting the status of mathematics or mathematicians, such as proposed or enacted federal or state legislation; conditions of employment in universities, colleges, or business, research or industrial organizations; regulations, policies, or acts of governmental agencies or instrumentalities; and other items which tend to affect the dignity and effective position of mathematics.

With the exception noted in the next paragraph, a favorable vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the Council shall be necessary to authorize any statement in the name of the Society with respect to such matters. With the exception noted in the next paragraph, such a vote may be taken only if written notice shall have been given to the secretary by the proposer of any such resolution not later than one month prior to the Council meeting at which the matter is to be presented; and the vote shall be taken not earlier than one month after the resolution has been discussed by the Council.

If, at a meeting of the Council, there are present twelve members, then the prior notification to the secretary may be waived by unanimous consent. In such a case, a unanimous favorable vote by those present shall empower the Council to speak in the name of the Society.

The Council may also refer the matter to a referendum by mail of the entire membership of the Society, and shall

make such reference if a referendum is requested, prior to final action by the Council, by two hundred or more members. The taking of a referendum shall act as a stay upon Council action until the votes have been canvassed, and thereafter no action may be taken by the Council except in accordance with a plurality of the votes cast in the referendum.

## Article V

### Executive Committee

**Section 1.** There shall be an Executive Committee of the Council, consisting of four elected members and the following *ex officio* members: the president, the secretary, the president-elect (during even-numbered years), and the ex-president (during odd-numbered years).

**Section 2.** The Executive Committee of the Council shall be empowered to act for the Council on matters which have been delegated to the Executive Committee by the Council. If three members of the Executive Committee request that any matter be referred to the Council, the matter shall be so referred. The Executive Committee shall be responsible to the Council and shall report its actions to the Council. It may consider the agenda for meetings of the Council and may make recommendations to the Council.

**Section 3.** Each member of the Executive Committee shall have one vote. An affirmative vote on any proposal before the Executive Committee shall be declared if, and only if, at least four affirmative votes are cast for the proposal. A vote on any proposal may be determined at a meeting of the Executive Committee, but it shall not be necessary to hold a meeting to determine a vote.

## Article VI

### Executive Director

**Section 1.** There shall be an Executive Director who shall be a paid employee of the Society. The Executive Director shall have charge of the central office of the Society, and shall be responsible for the general administration of the affairs of the Society in accordance with the policies that are set by the Board of Trustees and by the Council.

**Section 2.** The Executive Director shall be appointed by the Board of Trustees with the consent of the Council. The terms and conditions of employment shall be fixed by the Board of Trustees.

**Section 3.** The Executive Director shall work under the immediate direction of a committee consisting of the president, the secretary, and the treasurer, of which the president shall be chairman *ex officio*. The Executive Director shall attend meetings of the Board of Trustees, the Council, and the Executive Committee, but shall not be a member of any of these bodies.

## Article VII

### Election of Officers and Terms of Office

**Section 1.** The term of office shall be one year in the case of the president-elect and the ex-president; two years in the case of the president, the secretary, the associate secretaries, the treasurer, and the associate treasurer; three years in the case of vice-presidents and members-at-large

of the Council, one vice-president and five members-at-large retiring annually; and five years in the case of the trustees. In the case of members of the editorial committees and appointed members of the communications committees, the term of office shall be determined by the Council. The term of office for elected members of the Executive Committee shall be four years, one of the elected members retiring annually. All terms of office shall begin on February 1 and terminate on January 31 with the exception that the officials specified in Articles I, II, III, IV, and V (excepting the president-elect and ex-president) shall continue to serve until their successors have been duly elected or appointed and qualified.

**Section 2.** The president-elect, the vice-presidents, the trustees, and the members-at-large of the Council shall be elected by written ballot. An official ballot shall be sent to each member of the Society by the secretary on or before October 10, and such ballots, if returned to the secretary in envelopes bearing the name of the voter and received within thirty days, shall be counted. Each ballot shall contain one or more names proposed by the Council for each office to be filled, with blank spaces in which the voter may substitute other names. A plurality of all votes cast shall be necessary for election. In case of failure to secure a plurality for any office, the Council shall choose by written ballot among the members having the highest number of votes. The secretary, the associate secretaries, the treasurer, and the associate treasurer shall be appointed by the Council in a manner designated by the Council. Each committee named in Article III shall be appointed by the Council in a manner designated by the Council. Each such committee shall elect one of its members as chairman in a manner designated by the Council.

**Section 3.** The president becomes ex-president at the end of the term of office and the president-elect becomes president.

**Section 4.** On or before February 15, the secretary shall send to all members of the Council for a mail vote a ballot containing two names for each place to be filled on the Executive Committee. The nominees shall be chosen by a committee appointed by the president. Members of the Council may vote for persons not nominated. Any member of the Council who is not an *ex officio* member of the Executive Committee (see Article V, Section 1) shall be eligible for election to the Executive Committee. In case a member is elected to the Executive Committee for a term extending beyond the regular term on the Council, that person shall automatically continue as a member of the Council during the remainder of that term on the Executive Committee.

**Section 5.** The president and vice-presidents shall not be eligible for immediate re-election to their respective offices. A member-at-large or an *ex officio* member of the Council shall not be eligible for immediate election (or re-election) as a member-at-large of the Council.

**Section 6.** If the president of the Society should die or resign while a president-elect is in office, the president-elect shall serve as president for the remainder of the year and thereafter shall serve the regular two-year term. If the president of the Society should die or resign when no pres-

ident-elect is in office, the Council, with the approval of the Board of Trustees, shall designate one of the vice-presidents to serve as president for the balance of the regular presidential term. If the president-elect of the Society should die or resign before becoming president, the office shall remain vacant until the next regular election of a president-elect, and the Society shall, at the next annual meeting, elect a president for a two-year term. If the ex-president should die or resign before expiration of the term of office, the Council, with the approval of the Board of Trustees, shall designate a former president of the Society to serve as ex-president during the remainder of the regular term of the ex-presidency. Such vacancies as may occur at any time in the group consisting of the vice-presidents, the secretary, the associate secretaries, the treasurer, and the associate treasurer shall be filled by the Council with the approval of the Board of Trustees. If a member of an editorial or communications committee should take temporary leave from duties, the Council shall then appoint a substitute. The Council shall fill from its own membership any vacancy in the elected membership of the Executive Committee.

**Section 7.** If any elected trustee should die while in office or resign, the vacancy thus created shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Board of Trustees.

**Section 8.** If any member-at-large of the Council should die or resign more than one year before the expiration of the term, the vacancy for the unexpired term shall be filled by the Society at the next annual meeting.

**Section 9.** In case any officer should die or decline to serve between the time of election and the time to assume office, the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as if that officer had served one day of the term.

## Article VIII

### Members and Their Election

**Section 1.** Election of members shall be by vote of the Council or of its Executive Committee.

**Section 2.** There shall be four classes of members, namely ordinary, contributing, corporate, and institutional.

**Section 3.** Application for admission to ordinary membership shall be made by the applicant on a blank provided by the secretary. Such applications shall not be acted upon until at least thirty days after their presentation to the Council (at a meeting or by mail), except in the case of members of other societies entering under special action of the Council approved by the Board of Trustees.

**Section 4.** An ordinary member may become a contributing member by paying the dues for such membership. (See Article IX, Section 3.)

**Section 5.** A university or college, or a firm, corporation, or association interested in the support of mathematics may be elected a corporate or an institutional member.

## Article IX

### Dues and Privileges of Members

**Section 1.** Any applicant shall be admitted to ordinary membership immediately upon election by the Council (Article VIII) and the discharge within sixty days of election of the first annual dues. Dues may be discharged by

payment or by remission when the provision of Section 7 of this Article is applicable. The first annual dues shall apply to the year of election, except that any applicant elected after August 15 of any year may elect to have the first annual dues apply to the following year.

**Section 2.** The annual dues of an ordinary member of the Society shall be established by the Council with the approval of the Trustees. The Council, with the approval of the Trustees, may establish special rates in exceptional cases and for members of an organization with which the Society has a reciprocity agreement.

**Section 3.** The minimum dues for a contributing member shall be three-halves of the dues of an ordinary member per year. Members may, upon their own initiative, pay larger dues.

**Section 4.** The minimum dues of an institutional member shall depend on the scholarly activity of that member. The formula for computing these dues shall be established from time to time by the Council, subject to approval by the Board of Trustees. Institutions may pay larger dues than the computed minimum.

**Section 5.** The privileges of an institutional member shall depend on its dues in a manner to be determined by the Council, subject to approval by the Board of Trustees. These privileges shall be in terms of Society publications to be received by the institution and of the number of persons it may nominate for ordinary membership in the Society.

**Section 6.** Dues and privileges of corporate members of the Society shall be established by the Council subject to approval by the Board of Trustees.

**Section 7.** The dues of an ordinary member of the Society shall be remitted for any years during which that member is the nominee of an institutional member.

**Section 8.** After retirement from active service on account of age or on account of long term disability, any ordinary or contributing member who is not in arrears of dues and with membership extending over at least twenty years may, by giving proper notification to the secretary, have dues remitted. Such a member shall receive the *Notices* and may request to receive *Bulletin* as privileges of membership during each year until membership ends.

**Section 9.** An ordinary or contributing member shall receive the *Notices* and *Bulletin* as privileges of membership during each year for which dues have been discharged.

**Section 10.** The annual dues of ordinary, contributing, and corporate members shall be due by January 1 of the year to which they apply. The Society shall submit bills for dues. If the annual dues of any member remain undischarged beyond what the Board of Trustees deems to be a reasonable time, the name of that member shall be removed from the list of members after due notice. A member wishing to discontinue membership at any time shall submit a resignation in writing to the Society.

**Section 11.** Any person who has attained the age of 62 and has been a member for at least twenty years may become a life member by making a single payment equal to five times the dues of an ordinary member for the coming year. Insofar as there is more than one level of dues for ordinary membership, it is the highest such dues that shall

be used in the calculation, with the exception for members by reciprocity noted in the following paragraph. A life member is subsequently relieved of the obligation of paying dues. The status and privileges are those of ordinary members. (This section does not affect those persons who became life members before October 25, 1941. They remain life members with the status and privileges of ordinary members. When the class of them is empty, this parenthetical remark is to be removed.)

A member of the Society by reciprocity who has reached the age of 62, has been a member for at least 20 years, has been a member by reciprocity for at least 15 of those 20 years and asserts the intention of continuing to be a member by reciprocity may purchase a life membership by a one-time payment of a special rate established by the Council, with the approval of the Trustees.

## Article X

### Meetings

**Section 1.** The annual meeting of the Society shall be held between the fifteenth of December and the tenth of February next following. Notice of the time and place of this meeting shall be mailed by the secretary or an associate secretary to the last known post office address of each member of the Society. The times and places of the annual and other meetings of the Society shall be designated by the Council. There shall be a business meeting of the Society at the annual meeting and at the summer meeting. A business meeting of the Society shall take final action only on business accepted by unanimous consent, or business notified to the full membership of the Society in the call for the meeting, except that the business meetings held at either the annual meeting or the summer meeting may take final action on business which has been recommended for consideration by the Council and has been accepted by the vote of four-fifths of the Society present and voting at such a meeting. Such notification shall be made only when so directed by a previous business meeting of the Society or by the Council.

**Section 2.** Meetings of the Executive Committee may be called by the president. The president shall call a meeting at any time upon the written request of two of its members.

**Section 3.** The Council shall meet at the annual meeting of the Society. Special meetings of the Council may be called by the president. The president shall call a special meeting at any time upon the written request of five of its members. No special meeting of the Council shall be held unless written notice of it shall have been sent to all members of the Council at least ten days before the day set for the meeting.

**Section 4.** The Board of Trustees shall hold at least one meeting in each calendar year. Meetings of the Board of Trustees may be called by the president, the treasurer, or the secretary of the Society upon three-days' notice of such meetings mailed to the last known post office address of each trustee. The secretary of the Society shall call a meeting upon the receipt of a written request of two of the trustees. Meetings may also be held by common consent of all the trustees.

**Section 5.** Papers intended for presentation at any meeting of the Society shall be passed upon in advance by a program committee appointed by or under the authority of the Council; and only such papers shall be presented as shall have been approved by such committee. Papers in form unsuitable for publication, if accepted for presentation, shall be referred to on the program as preliminary communications or reports.

## Article XI

### Publications

**Section 1.** The Society shall publish an official organ called the *Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society*. It shall publish four journals, known as the *Journal of the American Mathematical Society*, the *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, the *Proceedings of the American Mathematical Society*, and *Mathematics of Computation*. It shall publish a series of mathematical papers known as the *Memoirs of the American Mathematical Society*. The object of the *Journal*, *Transactions*, *Proceedings*, *Memoirs*, and *Mathematics of Computation* is to make known important mathematical researches. It shall publish a periodical called *Mathematical Reviews*, containing abstracts or reviews of current mathematical literature. It shall publish a series of volumes called *Colloquium Publications* which shall embody in book form new mathematical developments. It shall publish a series of monographs called *Mathematical Surveys and Monographs* which shall furnish expositions of the principal methods and results of particular fields of mathematical research. It shall also cooperate in the conduct of the *American Journal of Mathematics*. It shall publish a news periodical known as the *Notices of the American Mathematical Society*, containing programs of meetings, items of news of particular interest to mathematicians, and such other materials as the Council may direct.

**Section 2.** The editorial management of the publications of the Society listed in Section 1 of this article, with the exception of the *Notices*, and the participation of the Society in the editorial management of the *American Journal of Mathematics* shall be in the charge of the respective editorial committees as provided in Article III, Section 1. The ed-

itorial management of the *Notices* shall be in the hands of a committee chosen in a manner established by the Council.

## Article XII

### Indemnification

Any person who at any time serves or has served as a trustee or officer of the Society, or as a member of the Council, or, at the request of the Society, as a director or officer of another corporation, whether for profit or not for profit, shall be indemnified by the Society and be reimbursed against and for expenses actually and necessarily incurred in connection with the defense or reasonable settlement of any action, suit, legal or administrative proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, threatened, pending or completed, to which that person is made a party by reason of being or having been such trustee, officer or director or Council member, except in relation to matters as to which the person shall be adjudged in such action, suit or proceeding to be liable for negligence or misconduct in the performance of official duties. Such right of indemnification and reimbursement shall also extend to the personal representatives of any such person, and shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any other rights to which such person or personal representatives may now or hereafter be entitled by virtue of the provisions of applicable law or of any other agreement or vote of the Board of Trustees, or otherwise.

## Article XIII

### Amendments

These bylaws may be amended or suspended on recommendation of the Council and with the approval of the membership of the Society, the approval consisting of an affirmative vote by two-thirds of the members present at a business meeting or of two-thirds of the members voting in a mail ballot in which at least ten percent of the members vote, whichever alternative shall have been designated by the Council, and provided notice of the proposed action and of its general nature shall have been given in the call for the meeting or accompanies the ballot in full.

*As amended December 1993*

## AMS Lecturers, Officers, Funds, and Prizes

### Colloquium Lecturers

James Pierpont, 1896  
Maxime Bôcher, 1896  
W. F. Osgood, 1898  
A. G. Webster, 1898  
Oskar Bolza, 1901  
E. W. Brown, 1901  
H. S. White, 1903  
F. S. Woods, 1903  
E. B. Van Vleck, 1903  
E. H. Moore, 1906  
E. J. Wilczynski, 1906  
Max Mason, 1906  
G. A. Bliss, 1909  
Edward Kasner, 1909  
L. E. Dickson, 1913

W. F. Osgood, 1913  
G. C. Evans, 1916  
Oswald Veblen, 1916  
G. D. Birkhoff, 1920  
F. R. Moulton, 1920  
L. P. Eisenhart, 1925  
Dunham Jackson, 1925  
E. T. Bell, 1927  
Anna Pell-Wheeler, 1927  
A. B. Coble, 1928  
R. L. Moore, 1929  
Solomon Lefschetz, 1930  
Marston Morse, 1931  
J. F. Ritt, 1932  
R. E. A. C. Paley, 1934  
Norbert Wiener, 1934

H. S. Vandiver, 1935  
E. W. Chittenden, 1936  
John von Neumann, 1937  
A. A. Albert, 1939  
M. H. Stone, 1939  
G. T. Whyburn, 1940  
Oystein Ore, 1941  
R. L. Wilder, 1942  
E. J. McShane, 1943  
Einar Hille, 1944  
Tibor Radó, 1945  
Hassler Whitney, 1946  
Oscar Zariski, 1947  
Richard Brauer, 1948  
G. A. Hedlund, 1949  
Deane Montgomery, 1951

Alfred Tarski, 1952  
 Antoni Zygmund, 1953  
 Nathan Jacobson, 1955  
 Salomon Bochner, 1956  
 N. E. Steenrod, 1957  
 J. L. Doob, 1959  
 S. S. Chern, 1960  
 G. W. Mackey, 1961  
 Saunders Mac Lane, 1963  
 C. B. Morrey, Jr., 1964  
 A. P. Calderón, 1965  
 Samuel Eilenberg, 1967  
 D. C. Spencer, 1968  
 J. W. Milnor, 1968  
 Raoul H. Bott, 1969  
 Harish-Chandra, 1969  
 R. H. Bing, 1970  
 Lipman Bers, 1971  
 Armand Borel, 1971  
 Stephen Smale, 1972  
 John T. Tate, 1972  
 M. F. Atiyah, 1973  
 E. A. Bishop, 1973  
 F. E. Browder, 1973  
 Louis Nirenberg, 1974  
 John G. Thompson, 1974  
 H. Jerome Keisler, 1975  
 Ellis R. Kolchin, 1975  
 Elias M. Stein, 1975  
 I. M. Singer, 1976  
 Jürgen K. Moser, 1976  
 William Browder, 1977  
 Herbert Federer, 1977  
 Hyman Bass, 1978  
 Philip A. Griffiths, 1979  
 George D. Mostow, 1979  
 Julia B. Robinson, 1980  
 Wolfgang M. Schmidt, 1980  
 Mark Kac, 1981  
 Serge Lang, 1981  
 Dennis Sullivan, 1982  
 Morris W. Hirsch, 1982  
 Charles L. Fefferman, 1983  
 Bertram Kostant, 1983  
 Barry Mazur, 1984  
 Paul H. Rabinowitz, 1984  
 Daniel Gorenstein, 1985  
 Karen K. Uhlenbeck, 1985  
 Shing-Tung Yau, 1986  
 Peter D. Lax, 1987  
 Edward Witten, 1987  
 Victor W. Guillemin, 1988  
 Nicholas Katz, 1989  
 William P. Thurston, 1989  
 Shlomo Sternberg, 1990  
 Robert D. MacPherson, 1991  
 Robert P. Langlands, 1992  
 Luis A. Caffarelli, 1993  
 Sergiu Klainerman, 1993  
 Jean Bourgain, 1994  
 Clifford H. Taubes, 1995

#### Gibbs Lecturers

M. I. Pupin, 1923  
 Robert Henderson, 1924  
 James Pierpont, 1925  
 H. B. Williams, 1926  
 E. W. Brown, 1927  
 G. H. Hardy, 1928  
 Irving Fisher, 1929  
 E. B. Wilson, 1930

P. W. Bridgman, 1931  
 R. C. Tolman, 1932  
 Albert Einstein, 1934  
 Vannevar Bush, 1935  
 H. N. Russell, 1936  
 C. A. Kraus, 1937  
 Theodore von Kármán, 1939  
 Sewall Wright, 1941  
 Harry Bateman, 1943  
 John von Neumann, 1944  
 J. C. Slater, 1945  
 S. Chandrasekhar, 1946  
 P. M. Morse, 1947  
 Hermann Weyl, 1948  
 Norbert Wiener, 1949  
 G. E. Uhlenbeck, 1950  
 Kurt Gödel, 1951  
 Marston Morse, 1952  
 Wassily Leontief, 1953  
 K. O. Friedrichs, 1954  
 J. E. Mayer, 1955  
 M. H. Stone, 1956  
 H. J. Muller, 1958  
 J. M. Burgers, 1959  
 Julian Schwinger, 1960  
 J. J. Stoker, 1961  
 C. N. Yang, 1962  
 C. E. Shannon, 1963  
 Lars Onsager, 1964  
 D. H. Lehmer, 1965  
 Martin Schwarzschild, 1966  
 Mark Kac, 1967  
 E. P. Wigner, 1968  
 R. L. Wilder, 1969  
 W. H. Munk, 1970  
 E. F. F. Hopf, 1971  
 F. J. Dyson, 1972  
 J. K. Moser, 1973  
 Paul A. Samuelson, 1974  
 Fritz John, 1975  
 Arthur S. Wightman, 1976  
 Joseph B. Keller, 1977  
 Donald E. Knuth, 1978  
 Martin D. Kruskal, 1979  
 Kenneth G. Wilson, 1980  
 Cathleen S. Morawetz, 1981  
 Elliott W. Montroll, 1982  
 Samuel Karlin, 1983  
 Herbert A. Simon, 1984  
 Michael O. Rabin, 1985  
 L. E. Scriven, 1986  
 Thomas C. Spencer, 1987  
 David P. Ruelle, 1988  
 Elliott H. Lieb, 1989  
 George B. Dantzig, 1990  
 Michael F. Atiyah, 1991  
 Michael E. Fisher, 1992  
 Charles S. Peskin, 1993  
 Robert M. May, 1994  
 Andrew J. Majda, 1995

#### Presidents

J. H. Van Amringe, 1889, 1890  
 J. E. McClintock, 1891–1894  
 G. W. Hill, 1895, 1896  
 Simon Newcomb, 1897, 1898  
 R. S. Woodward, 1899, 1900  
 E. H. Moore, 1901, 1902  
 T. S. Fiske, 1903, 1904  
 W. F. Osgood, 1905, 1906  
 H. S. White, 1907, 1908

Maxime Bôcher, 1909, 1910  
 H. B. Fine, 1911, 1912  
 E. B. Van Vleck, 1913, 1914  
 E. W. Brown, 1915, 1916  
 L. E. Dickson, 1917, 1918  
 Frank Morley, 1919, 1920  
 G. A. Bliss, 1921, 1922  
 Oswald Veblen, 1923, 1924  
 G. D. Birkhoff, 1925, 1926  
 Virgil Snyder, 1927, 1928  
 E. R. Hedrick, 1929, 1930  
 L. P. Eisenhart, 1931, 1932  
 A. B. Coble, 1933, 1934  
 Solomon Lefschetz, 1935, 1936  
 R. L. Moore, 1937, 1938  
 G. C. Evans, 1939, 1940  
 Marston Morse, 1941, 1942  
 M. H. Stone, 1943, 1944  
 T. H. Hildebrandt, 1945, 1946  
 Einar Hille, 1947, 1948  
 J. L. Walsh, 1949, 1950  
 John von Neumann, 1951, 1952  
 G. T. Whyburn, 1953, 1954  
 R. L. Wilder, 1955, 1956  
 Richard Brauer, 1957, 1958  
 E. J. McShane, 1959, 1960  
 Deane Montgomery, 1961, 1962  
 J. L. Doob, 1963, 1964  
 A. A. Albert, 1965, 1966  
 C. B. Morrey, Jr., 1967, 1968  
 Oscar Zariski, 1969, 1970  
 Nathan Jacobson, 1971, 1972  
 Saunders Mac Lane, 1973, 1974  
 Lipman Bers, 1975, 1976  
 R. H. Bing, 1977, 1978  
 Peter D. Lax, 1979, 1980  
 Andrew M. Gleason, 1981, 1982  
 Julia B. Robinson, 1983, 1984  
 Irving Kaplansky, 1985, 1986  
 George Daniel Mostow, 1987, 1988  
 William Browder, 1989, 1990  
 Michael Artin, 1991, 1992  
 Ronald L. Graham, 1993, 1994  
 Cathleen S. Morawetz, 1995, 1996

#### Secretaries

T. S. Fiske, 1888–1895  
 F. N. Cole, 1896–1920  
 R. G. D. Richardson, 1921–1940  
 J. R. Kline, 1941–1950  
 E. G. Begle, 1951–1956  
 J. W. Green, 1957–1966  
 Everett Pitcher, 1967–1988  
 Robert M. Fossum, 1989–

#### Treasurers

T. S. Fiske, 1890, 1891  
 Harold Jacoby, 1892–1894  
 R. S. Woodward, 1895, 1896  
 Harold Jacoby, 1897–1899  
 W. S. Dennett, 1900–1907  
 J. H. Tanner, 1908–1920  
 W. B. Fite, 1921–1929  
 G. W. Mullins, 1930–1936  
 P. A. Smith, 1937  
 B. P. Gill, 1938–1948  
 A. E. Meder, Jr., 1949–1964  
 W. T. Martin, 1965–1973  
 F. P. Peterson, 1973–



## Endowment Fund

In 1923 an Endowment Fund was collected to meet the greater demands on the publication program of the Society, demands caused by the ever-increasing number of important mathematical memoirs. Of this fund, which amounted to approximately \$94,000 in 1960, a considerable proportion was contributed by members of the Society. In 1961, upon the death of the last legatees under the will of the late Robert Henderson—for many years a Trustee of the Society—the entire principal of the estate was received by the Society, thereby bringing the total of the Endowment Fund to approximately \$648,000.

## Prize Funds

### The Böcher Memorial Prize

This prize was founded in memory of Professor Maxime Böcher with an original endowment of \$1,450. It is awarded every five years for a notable research memoir in analysis that has appeared during the past five years in a recognized North American journal. This provision, introduced in 1971 and modified in 1993, is a liberalization of the terms of the award.

**First (preliminary) award, 1923:** To G. D. Birkhoff for his memoir, Dynamical systems with two degrees of freedom. *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 18 (1917), pp. 199–300.

**Second award, 1924:** To E. T. Bell for his memoir, Arithmetical paraphrases. I, II, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 22 (1921), pp. 1–30, 198–219; and to Solomon Lefschetz for his memoir, On certain numerical invariants with applications to Abelian varieties, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 22 (1921), pp. 407–482.

**Third award, 1928:** To J. W. Alexander for his memoir, Combinatorial analysis situs, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 28 (1926), pp. 301–329.

**Fourth award, 1933:** To Marston Morse for his memoir, The foundations of a theory of the calculus of variations in the large in  $m$ -space, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 31 (1929), pp. 379–404; and to Norbert Wiener for his memoir, Tauberian theorems, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 33 (1932), pp. 1–100.

**Fifth award, 1938:** To John von Neumann for his memoir, Almost periodic functions and groups. I, II, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 36 (1934), pp. 445–492, and volume 37 (1935), pp. 21–50.

**Sixth award, 1943:** To Jesse Douglas for his memoirs, Green's function and the problem of Plateau, *American Journal of Mathematics*, volume 61 (1939), pp. 545–589; The most general form of the problem of Plateau, *American Jour-*

*nal of Mathematics*, volume 61 (1939), pp. 590–608; and Solution of the inverse problem of the calculus of variations, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, volume 25 (1939), pp. 631–637.

**Seventh award, 1948:** To A. C. Schaeffer and D. C. Spencer for their memoir, Coefficients of schlicht functions. I, II, III, IV, *Duke Mathematical Journal*, volume 10 (1943), pp. 611–635, volume 12 (1945), pp. 107–125, and the *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, volume 32 (1946), pp. 111–116, volume 35 (1949), pp. 143–150.

**Eighth award, 1953:** To Norman Levinson for his contributions to the theory of linear, nonlinear, ordinary, and partial differential equations contained in his papers of recent years.

**Ninth award, 1959:** To Louis Nirenberg for his work in partial differential equations.

**Tenth award, 1964:** To Paul J. Cohen for his paper, On a conjecture of Littlewood and idempotent measures, *American Journal of Mathematics*, volume 82 (1960), pp. 191–212.

**Eleventh award, 1969:** To I. M. Singer in recognition of his work on the index problem, especially his share in two joint papers with Michael F. Atiyah, The index of elliptic operators. I, III, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 87 (1968), pp. 484–530, 546–604.

**Twelfth award, 1974:** To Donald S. Ornstein in recognition of his paper, Bernoulli shifts with the same entropy are isomorphic, *Advances in Mathematics*, volume 4 (1970), pp. 337–352.

**Thirteenth award, 1979:** To Alberto P. Calderon in recognition of his fundamental work on the theory of singular integrals and partial differential equations, and in particular for his paper Cauchy integrals on Lipschitz curves and related operators, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, USA*, volume 74 (1977), pp. 1324–1327.

**Fourteenth award, 1984:** To Luis A. Caffarelli for his deep and fundamental work in nonlinear partial differential equations, in particular his work on free boundary problems, vortex theory and regularity theory.

**Fifteenth award, 1984:** To Richard B. Melrose for his solution of several outstanding problems in diffraction theory and scattering theory and for developing the analytical tools needed for their resolution.

**Sixteenth award, 1989:** To Richard M. Schoen for his work on the application of partial differential equations to differential geometry, in particular his completion of the solution to the Yamabe Problem in Conformal deformation of a Riemannian metric to constant scalar curvature, *Journal of Differential Geometry*, volume 20 (1984), pp. 479–495.

**Seventeenth award, 1994:** To Leon Simon for his profound contributions toward understanding the structure of singular sets for solutions of variational problems.

## The Frank Nelson Cole Prize in Algebra The Frank Nelson Cole Prize in Number Theory

These prizes were founded in honor of Professor Frank Nelson Cole on the occasion of his retirement as secretary of the American Mathematical Society after twenty-five years of service and as editor-in-chief of the *Bulletin* for twenty-one years. The original fund was donated by Professor Cole from moneys presented to him on his retirement, was augmented by contributions from members of the Society, and was later doubled by his son, Charles A. Cole. The present endowment is \$2,250. The prizes are awarded at five-year intervals for contributions to algebra and the theory of numbers, respectively, under restrictions similar to those for the Bôcher Prize.

**First award, 1928:** To L. E. Dickson for his book *Algebren und ihre Zahlentheorie*, Orell Füssli, Zürich and Leipzig, 1927.

**Second award, 1931:** To H. S. Vandiver for his several papers on Fermat's last theorem published in the *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society* and in the *Annals of Mathematics* during the preceding five years, with special reference to a paper entitled *On Fermat's last theorem*, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 31 (1929), pp. 613-642.

**Third award, 1939:** To A. Adrian Albert for his papers on the construction of Riemann matrices published in the *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 35 (1934) and volume 36 (1935).

**Fourth award, 1941:** To Claude Chevalley for his paper, *La théorie du corps de classes*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 41 (1940), pp. 394-418.

**Fifth award, 1944:** To Oscar Zariski for four papers on algebraic varieties published in the *American Journal of Mathematics*, volumes 61 (1939) and 62 (1940), and in the *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volumes 40 (1939) and 41 (1940).

**Sixth award, 1946:** To H. B. Mann for his paper, *A proof of the fundamental theorem on the density of sums of sets of positive integers*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 43 (1942), pp. 523-527.

**Seventh award, 1949:** To Richard Brauer for his paper, *On Artin's L-series with general group characters*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 48 (1947), pp. 502-514.

**Eighth award, 1951:** To Paul Erdős for his many papers in the theory of numbers, and in particular for his paper, *On a new method in elementary number theory which leads to an elementary proof of the prime number theorem*, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, volume 35 (1949), pp. 374-385.

**Ninth award, 1954:** To Harish-Chandra for his papers on representations of semisimple Lie algebras and groups, and

particularly for his paper, *On some applications of the universal enveloping algebra of a semisimple Lie algebra*, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 70 (1951), pp. 28-96.

**Tenth award, 1956:** To John T. Tate for his paper, *The higher dimensional cohomology groups of class field theory*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 56 (1952), pp. 294-297.

**Eleventh award, 1960:** To Serge Lang for his paper, *Unramified class field theory over function fields in several variables*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 64 (1956), pp. 285-325; and to Maxwell A. Rosenlicht for his papers, *Generalized Jacobian varieties*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 59 (1954), pp. 505-530, and *A universal mapping property of generalized Jacobians*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 66 (1957), pp. 80-88.

**Twelfth award, 1962:** To Kenkichi Iwasawa for his paper, *Gamma extensions of number fields*, *Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 65 (1959), pp. 183-226; and to Bernard M. Dwork for his paper, *On the rationality of the zeta function of an algebraic variety*, *American Journal of Mathematics*, volume 82 (1960), pp. 631-648.

**Thirteenth award, 1965:** To Walter Feit and John G. Thompson for their joint paper, *Solvability of groups of odd order*, *Pacific Journal of Mathematics*, volume 13 (1963), pp. 775-1029.

**Fourteenth award, 1967:** To James B. Ax and Simon B. Kochen for a series of three joint papers, *Diophantine problems over local fields. I, II, III*, *American Journal of Mathematics*, volume 87 (1965), pp. 605-630, 631-648, and *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 83 (1966), pp. 437-456.

**Fifteenth award, 1970:** To John R. Stallings for his paper, *On torsion-free groups with infinitely many ends*, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 88 (1968), pp. 312-334; and to Richard G. Swan for his paper, *Groups of cohomological dimension one*, *Journal of Algebra*, volume 12 (1969), pp. 585-610.

**Sixteenth award, 1972:** To Wolfgang M. Schmidt for the following papers: *On simultaneous approximation of two algebraic numbers by rationals*, *Acta Mathematica* (Uppsala), volume 119 (1967), pp. 27-50; *T-numbers do exist*, *Symposia Mathematica*, volume IV, Academic Press, 1970, pp. 1-26; *Simultaneous approximation to algebraic numbers by rationals*, *Acta Mathematica* (Uppsala), volume 125 (1970), pp. 189-201; *On Mahler's T-numbers*, *Proceedings of Symposia in Pure Mathematics*, volume 20, American Mathematical Society, 1971, pp. 275-286.

**Seventeenth award, 1975:** To Hyman Bass for his paper, *Unitary algebraic K-theory*, *Springer Lecture Notes in Mathematics*, volume 343, 1973; and to Daniel G. Quillen for his paper, *Higher algebraic K-theories*, *Springer Lecture Notes in Mathematics*, volume 341, 1973.

**Eighteenth award, 1977:** To Goro Shimura for his two papers, Class fields over real quadratic fields and Hecke operators, *Annals of Mathematics, Series 2*, volume 95 (1972), pp. 130–190; and On modular forms of half integral weight, *Annals of Mathematics, Series 2*, volume 97 (1973), pp. 440–481.

**Nineteenth award, 1980:** To Michael Aschbacher for his paper, A characterization of Chevalley groups over fields of odd order, *Annals of Mathematics, Series 2*, volume 106 (1977), pp. 353–398; and to Melvin Hochster for his paper Topics in the homological theory of commutative rings, *CBMS Regional Conference Series in Mathematics*, Number 24, American Mathematical Society, 1975.

**Twentieth award, 1982:** To Robert P. Langlands for pioneering work on automorphic forms, Eisenstein series and product formulas, particularly for his paper Base change for  $GL(2)$ , *Annals of Mathematics Studies*, volume 96, Princeton University Press, 1980; and to Barry Mazur for outstanding work on elliptic curves and Abelian varieties, especially on rational points of finite order, and his paper Modular curves and the Eisenstein ideal, *Publications Mathématiques de l'Institut des Hautes Etudes Scientifiques*, volume 47 (1977), pp. 33–186.

**Twenty-First award, 1985:** To George Lusztig for his fundamental work on the representation theory of finite groups of Lie type. In particular for his contributions to the classification of the irreducible representations in characteristic zero of the groups of rational points of reductive groups over finite fields, appearing in *Characters of reductive groups over finite fields*, *Annals of Mathematics Studies*, volume 107, Princeton University Press, 1984.

**Twenty-Second award, 1987:** To Dorian M. Goldfeld for his paper, Gauss's class number problem for imaginary quadratic fields, *Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 13, (1985), pp. 23–37; and to Benedict H. Gross and Don B. Zagier for their paper, Heegner points and derivatives of  $L$ -Series, *Inventiones Mathematicae*, volume 84 (1986), pp. 225–320.

**Twenty-Third award, 1990:** To Shigefumi Mori for his outstanding work on the classification of algebraic varieties and, in particular, for his paper Flip theorem and the existence of minimal models for 3-folds, *Journal of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 1 (1988), pp. 117–253.

**Twenty-Fourth award, 1992:** To Karl Rubin for his work in the area of elliptic curves and Iwasawa Theory with particular reference to his papers “Tate-Shafarevich groups and  $L$ -functions of elliptic curves with complex multiplication” and “The ‘main conjectures’ of Iwasawa theory for imaginary quadratic fields” and to Paul Vojta for his work on Diophantine problems with particular reference to his paper “Siegel's theorem in the compact case”.

**Twenty-Fifth award, 1995:** To Michel Raynaud and David Harbater for their solution of Abhyankar's conjecture. This work appeared in the papers *Revêtements de la droite affine*

*en caractéristique  $p > 0$* , *Invent. Math.* **116** (1994) 425–462 (Raynaud), and *Abhyankar's conjecture on Galois groups over curves*, *Invent. Math.* **117** (1994) 1–25 (Harbater).

### The Oswald Veblen Prize in Geometry

This prize was established in 1961 in memory of Professor Oswald Veblen through a fund contributed by former students and colleagues. The fund was later doubled by the widow of Professor Veblen, bringing the fund to \$2,000. The first two awards of the prize were made in 1964 and the next in 1966; thereafter, an award will ordinarily be made every five years for research in geometry or topology under conditions similar to those for the Bôcher Prize.

**First award, 1964:** To C. D. Papakyriakopoulos for his papers, *On solid tori*, *Annals of Mathematics, Series 2*, volume 66 (1957), pp. 1–26, and *On Dehn's lemma and the asphericity of knots*, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, volume 43 (1957), pp. 169–172.

**Second award, 1964:** To Raoul Bott for his papers, *The space of loops on a Lie group*, *Michigan Mathematical Journal*, volume 5 (1958), pp. 35–61, and *The stable homotopy of the classical groups*, *Annals of Mathematics, Series 2*, volume 70 (1959), pp. 313–337.

**Third award, 1966:** To Stephen Smale for his contributions to various aspects of differential topology.

**Fourth award, 1966:** To Morton Brown and Barry Mazur for their work on the generalized Schoenflies theorem.

**Fifth award, 1971:** To Robion C. Kirby for his paper, *Stable homeomorphisms and the annulus conjecture*, *Annals of Mathematics, Series 2*, volume 89 (1969), pp. 575–582.

**Sixth award, 1971:** To Dennis P. Sullivan for his work on the Hauptvermutung summarized in the paper, *On the Hauptvermutung for manifolds*, *Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 73 (1967), pp. 598–600.

**Seventh award, 1976:** To William P. Thurston for his work on foliations.

**Eighth award, 1976:** To James Simons for his work on minimal varieties and characteristic forms.

**Ninth award, 1981:** To Mikhael Gromov for his work relating topological and geometric properties of Riemannian manifolds.

**Tenth award, 1981:** To Shing-Tung Yau for his work in nonlinear partial differential equations, his contributions to the topology of differentiable manifolds, and for his work on the complex Monge-Ampère equation on compact complex manifolds.

**Eleventh award, 1986:** To Michael H. Freedman for his work in differential geometry and, in particular, the solution of the four-dimensional Poincaré conjecture.

**Twelfth award, 1991:** To Andrew J. Casson for his work on the topology of low-dimensional manifolds, and to Clifford H. Taubes for his foundational work in Yang-Mills theory.

### The George David Birkhoff Prize in Applied Mathematics

This prize was established in 1967 in honor of Professor George David Birkhoff. The initial endowment of \$2,066 was contributed by the Birkhoff family and there have been subsequent additions by others. It is normally awarded every five years, beginning in 1968, for an outstanding contribution to “applied mathematics in the highest and broadest sense.” The award is made jointly by the American Mathematical Society and the Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics. The recipient must be a member of one of these societies and a resident of the United States, Canada, or Mexico.

**First award, 1968:** To Jürgen K. Moser for his contributions to the theory of Hamiltonian dynamical systems, especially his proof of the stability of periodic solutions of Hamiltonian systems having two degrees of freedom and his specific applications of the ideas in connection with this work.

**Second award, 1973:** To Fritz John for his outstanding work in partial differential equations, in numerical analysis, and, particularly, in nonlinear elasticity theory; the latter work has led to his study of quasi-isometric mappings as well as functions of bounded mean oscillation, which have had impact in other areas of analysis.

**Third award, 1973:** To James B. Serrin for his fundamental contributions to the theory of nonlinear partial differential equations, especially his work on existence and regularity theory for nonlinear elliptic equations, and applications of his work to the theory of minimal surfaces in higher dimensions.

**Fourth award, 1978:** To Garrett Birkhoff for bringing the methods of algebra and the highest standards of mathematics to scientific applications.

**Fifth award, 1978:** To Mark Kac for his important contributions to statistical mechanics and to probability theory and its applications.

**Sixth award, 1978:** To Clifford A. Truesdell for his outstanding contributions to our understanding of the subjects of rational mechanics and nonlinear materials, for his efforts to give precise mathematical formulation to these classical subjects, for his many contributions to applied mathematics in the fields of acoustic theory, kinetic theory, and nonlinear elastic theory, and the thermodynamics of mixtures, and for his major work in the history of mechanics.

**Seventh award, 1983:** To Paul R. Garabedian for his important contributions to partial differential equations, to

the mathematical analysis of problems of transonic flow and airfoil design by the method of complexification, and to the development and application of scientific computing to problems of fluid dynamics and plasma physics.

**Eighth award, 1988:** To Elliott H. Lieb for his profound analysis of problems arising in mathematical physics.

**Ninth award, 1994:** To Ivo Babuska for important contributions to the reliability of finite element methods, the development of a general framework for finite element error estimation, and the development of  $p$  and  $h - p$  finite element methods; and to S. R. S. Varadhan for important contributions to the martingale characterization of diffusion processes, to the theory of large deviations for functionals of occupation times of Markov processes, and to the study of random media.

### The Norbert Wiener Prize in Applied Mathematics

This prize was established in 1967 in honor of Professor Norbert Wiener and was endowed by a fund amounting to \$2,000 from the Department of Mathematics of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The prize is normally awarded every five years, beginning in 1970, for an outstanding contribution to “applied mathematics in the highest and broadest sense.” The award is made jointly by the American Mathematical Society and the Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics. The recipient must be a member of one of these societies and a resident of the United States, Canada, or Mexico.

**First award, 1970:** To Richard E. Bellman for his pioneering work in the area of dynamic programming, and for his related work on control, stability, and differential-delay equations.

**Second award, 1975:** To Peter D. Lax for his broad contributions to applied mathematics, in particular, for his work on numerical and theoretical aspects of partial differential equations and on scattering theory.

**Third award, 1980:** To Tosio Kato for his distinguished work in the perturbation theory of quantum mechanics.

**Fourth award, 1980:** To Gerald B. Whitham for his broad contributions to the understanding of fluid dynamical phenomena and his innovative contributions to the methodology through which that understanding can be constructed.

**Fifth award, 1985:** To Clifford S. Gardner for his contributions to applied mathematics in the areas of supersonic aerodynamics, plasma physics and hydromagnetics, and especially for his contributions to the truly remarkable development of inverse scattering theory for the solution of nonlinear partial differential equations.

**Sixth award, 1990:** To Michael Aizenman for his outstanding contribution of original and non-perturbative mathematical methods in statistical mechanics by means

of which he was able to solve several long open important problems concerning critical phenomena, phase transitions, and quantum field theory; and to Jerrold E. Marsden for his outstanding contributions to the study of differential equations in mechanics: he proved the existence of chaos in specific classical differential equations; his work on the momentum map, from abstract foundations to detailed applications, has had great impact.

**Seventh award, 1995:** To Hermann Flaschka for deep and original contributions to our understanding of completely integrable systems; and to Ciprian Foias, for basic contributions to operator theory, analysis, and dynamics and their applications.

### The Leroy P. Steele Prizes

These prizes were established in 1970 in honor of George David Birkhoff, William Fogg Osgood, and William Caspar Graustein, and are endowed under the terms of a bequest amounting to \$145,000 from Leroy P. Steele. From 1970 to 1976 one or more prizes were awarded each year for outstanding published mathematical research; most favorable consideration was given to papers distinguished for their exposition and covering broad areas of mathematics. In 1977 the Council of the AMS modified the terms under which the prizes are awarded. Since then, up to three prizes have been awarded each year in the following categories: (1) for the cumulative influence of the total mathematical work of the recipient, high level of research over a period of time, particular influence on the development of a field, and influence on mathematics through Ph.D. students; (2) for a book or substantial survey or expository-research paper; (3) for a paper, whether recent or not, that has proved to be of fundamental or lasting importance in its field, or a model of important research. In 1993, the Council formalized the three categories of the prize by naming each of them: (1) The Leroy P. Steele Prize for Lifetime Achievement; (2) The Leroy P. Steele Prize for Mathematical Exposition; and (3) The Leroy P. Steele Prize for Seminal Contribution to Research.

**August 1970:** To Solomon Lefschetz for his paper, *A page of mathematical autobiography*, Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society, volume 74 (1968), pp. 854-879.

**August 1971:** To James B. Carrell for his paper, written jointly with Jean A. Dieudonné, *Invariant theory, old and new*, Advances in Mathematics, volume 4 (1970), pp. 1-80.

**August 1971:** To Jean A. Dieudonné for his paper, *Algebraic geometry*, Advances in Mathematics, volume 3 (1969), pp. 223-321, and for his paper, written jointly with James B. Carrell, *Invariant theory, old and new*, Advances in Mathematics, volume 4 (1970), pp. 1-80.

**August 1971:** To Phillip A. Griffiths for his paper, *Periods of integrals on algebraic manifolds*, Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society, volume 76 (1970), pp. 228-296.

**August 1972:** To Edward B. Curtis for his paper, *Simplicial homotopy theory*, Advances in Mathematics, volume 6 (1971), pp. 107-209.

**August 1972:** To William J. Ellison for his paper, *Waring's problem*, American Mathematical Monthly, volume 78 (1971), pp. 10-36.

**August 1972:** To Lawrence F. Payne for his paper, *Isoperimetric inequalities and their applications*, SIAM Review, volume 9 (1967), pp. 453-488.

**August 1972:** To Dana S. Scott for his paper, *A proof of the independence of the continuum hypothesis*, Mathematical Systems Theory, volume 1 (1967), pp. 89-111.

**January 1975:** To Lipman Bers for his paper, *Uniformization, moduli, and Kleinian groups*, Bulletin of the London Mathematical Society, volume 4 (1972), pp. 257-300.

**January 1975:** To Martin D. Davis for his paper, *Hilbert's tenth problem is unsolvable*, American Mathematical Monthly, volume 80 (1973), pp. 233-269.

**January 1975:** To Joseph L. Taylor for his paper, *Measure algebras*, CBMS Regional Conference Series in Mathematics, Number 16, American Mathematical Society, 1972.

**August 1975:** To George W. Mackey for his paper, *Ergodic theory and its significance for statistical mechanics and probability theory*, Advances in Mathematics, volume 12 (1974), pp. 178-286.

**August 1975:** To H. Blaine Lawson for his paper, *Foliations*, Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society, volume 80 (1974), pp. 369-418.

**1976, 1977, 1978:** No awards were made.

**January 1979:** To Salomon Bochner for his cumulative influence on the fields of probability theory, Fourier analysis, several complex variables, and differential geometry.

**January 1979:** To Hans Lewy for three fundamental papers: *On the local character of the solutions of an atypical linear differential equation in three variables and a related theorem for regular functions of two complex variables*, Annals of Mathematics, Series 2, volume 64 (1956), pp. 514-522; *An example of a smooth linear partial differential equation without solution*, Annals of Mathematics, Series 2, volume 66 (1957), pp. 155-158; *On hulls of holomorphy*, Communications in Pure and Applied Mathematics, volume 13 (1960), pp. 587-591.

**August 1979:** To Antoni Zygmund for his cumulative influence on the theory of Fourier series, real variables, and related areas of analysis.

**August 1979:** To Robin Hartshorne for his expository research article *Equivalence relations on algebraic cycles and subvarieties of small codimension*, Proceedings of Symposia in Pure Mathematics, volume 29, American Mathe-

mathematical Society, 1975, pp. 129–164; and his book *Algebraic geometry*, Springer-Verlag, Berlin and New York, 1977.

**August 1979:** To Joseph J. Kohn for his fundamental paper: *Harmonic integrals on strongly convex domains*. I, II, *Annals of Mathematics*, Series 2, volume 78 (1963), pp. 112–248 and volume 79 (1964), pp. 450–472.

**August 1980:** To André Weil for the total effect of his work on the general course of twentieth century mathematics, especially in the many areas in which he has made fundamental contributions.

**August 1980:** To Harold M. Edwards for mathematical exposition in his books *Riemann's zeta function*, *Pure and Applied Mathematics*, number 58, Academic Press, New York and London, 1974; and *Fermat's last theorem*, *Graduate Texts in Mathematics*, number 50, Springer-Verlag, New York and Berlin, 1977.

**August 1980:** To Gerhard P. Hochschild for his significant work in homological algebra and its applications.

**August 1981:** To Oscar Zariski for his work in algebraic geometry, especially his fundamental contributions to the algebraic foundations of this subject.

**August 1981:** To Eberhard Hopf for three papers of fundamental and lasting importance: *Abzweigung einer periodischen Lösung von einer stationären Lösung eines Differential systems*, *Berichte über die Verhandlungen der Sächsischen Akademie der Wissenschaften zu Leipzig. Mathematisch-Naturwissenschaftliche Klasse*, volume 95 (1943), pp. 3–22; *A mathematical example displaying features of turbulence*, *Communications on Applied Mathematics*, volume 1 (1948), pp. 303–322; and *The partial differential equation  $u_t + uu_x = \mu u_{xx}$* , *Communications on Pure and Applied Mathematics*, volume 3 (1950), pp. 201–230.

**August 1981:** To Nelson Dunford and Jacob T. Schwartz for their expository book, *Linear operators*, Part I, *General theory*, 1958; Part II, *Spectral theory*, 1963; Part III, *Spectral operators*, 1971, Interscience Publishers, New York.

**August 1982:** To Lars V. Ahlfors for his expository work in *Complex analysis* (McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, 1953), and in *Lectures on quasiconformal mappings* (D. Van Nostrand Co., Inc., New York, 1966) and *Conformal invariants* (McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, 1973).

**August 1982:** To Tsit-Yuen Lam for his expository work in his book *Algebraic theory of quadratic forms* (1973), and four of his papers:  *$K_0$  and  $K_1$ -an introduction to algebraic K-theory* (1975), *Ten lectures on quadratic forms over fields* (1977), *Serre's conjecture* (1978), and *The theory of ordered fields* (1980).

**August 1982:** To John W. Milnor for a paper of fundamental and lasting importance, *On manifolds homeomorphic to the 7-sphere*, *Annals of Mathematics* (2) 64 (1956), pp. 399–405.

**August 1982:** To Fritz John for the cumulative influence of his total mathematical work, high level of research over a period of time, particular influence on the development of a field, and influence on mathematics through Ph.D. students.

**August 1983:** To Paul R. Halmos for his many graduate texts in mathematics and for his articles on how to write, talk and publish mathematics.

**August 1983:** To Steven C. Kleene for three important papers which formed the basis for later developments in generalized recursion theory and descriptive set theory: *Arithmetical predicates and function quantifiers*, *Transactions of the American Mathematical Society* 79 (1955), pp. 312–340; *On the forms of the predicates in the theory of constructive ordinals (second paper)*, *American Journal of Mathematics* 77 (1955), pp. 405–428; and *Hierarchies of number-theoretic predicates*, *Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society* 61 (1955), pp. 193–213.

**August 1983:** To Shiing-Shen Chern for the cumulative influence of his total mathematical work, high level of research over a period of time, particular influence on the development of the field of differential geometry, and influence on mathematics through Ph.D. students.

**August 1984:** To Elias M. Stein for his book, *Singular integrals and the differentiability properties of functions*, Princeton University Press (1970).

**August 1984:** To Lennart Carleson for his papers: *An interpolation problem for bounded analytic functions*, *American Journal of Mathematics*, volume 80 (1958), pp. 921–930; *Interpolation by bounded analytic functions and the Corona problem*, *Annals of Mathematics* (2), volume 76 (1962), pp. 547–559; and *On convergence and growth of partial sums of Fourier series*, *Acta Mathematica* volume 116 (1966), pp. 135–157.

**August 1984:** To Joseph L. Doob for his fundamental work in establishing probability as a branch of mathematics and for his continuing profound influence on its development.

**August 1985:** To Michael Spivak for his five-volume set, *A Comprehensive Introduction to Differential Geometry* (second edition, Publish or Perish, 1979).

**August 1985:** To Robert Steinberg for three papers on various aspects of the theory of algebraic groups: *Representations of algebraic groups*, *Nagoya Mathematical Journal*, volume 22 (1963), pp. 33–56; *Regular elements of semisimple algebraic groups*, *Institut des Hautes Études Scientifiques, Publications Mathématiques*, volume 25 (1965), pp. 49–80; and *Endomorphisms of linear algebraic groups*, *Memoirs of the American Mathematical Society*, volume 80 (1968).

**August 1985:** To Hassler Whitney for his fundamental work on geometric problems, particularly in the general theory of manifolds, in the study of differentiable functions on closed sets, in geometric integration theory, and in the geometry of the tangents to a singular analytic space.

**January 1986:** To Donald E. Knuth for his expository work, *The Art of Computer Programming*, 3 Volumes (1st Edition 1968, 2nd Edition 1973).

**January 1986:** To Rudolf E. Kalman for his two fundamental papers: *A new approach to linear filtering and prediction problems*, Journal of Basic Engineering, volume 82, (1960), pp. 35–45; and *Mathematical description of linear dynamical systems*, SIAM Journal on Control and Optimization, volume 1 (1963), pp. 152–192; and for his contribution to a third paper, (with R. S. Bucy) *New results in linear filtering and prediction theory*, Journal of Basic Engineering, volume 83D (1961), pp. 95–108.

**January 1986:** To Saunders MacLane for his many contributions to algebra and algebraic topology, and in particular for his pioneering work in homological and categorical algebra.

**August 1987:** To Martin Gardner for his many books and articles on mathematics and particularly for his column “Mathematical Games” in *Scientific American*.

**August 1987:** To Herbert Federer and Wendell Fleming for their pioneering paper, *Normal and integral currents*, Annals of Mathematics, volume 72 (1960), pp. 458–520.

**August 1987:** To Samuel Eilenberg for his fundamental contributions to topology and algebra, in particular for his classic papers on singular homology and his work on axiomatic homology theory which had a profound influence on the development of algebraic topology.

**August 1988:** To Sigurdur Helgason for his books *Differential Geometry and Symmetric Spaces* (Academic Press, 1962), *Differential Geometry, Lie Groups, and Symmetric Spaces* (Academic Press, 1978); and *Groups and Geometric Analysis* (Academic Press, 1984).

**August 1988:** To Gian-Carlo Rota for his paper *On the foundations of combinatorial theory, I. Theory of Möbius functions*, Zeitschrift für Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie und Verwandte Gebiete, volume 2 (1964), pp. 340–368.

**August 1988:** To Deane Montgomery for his lasting impact on mathematics, particularly mathematics in America. He is one of the founders of the modern theory of transformation groups and is particularly known for his contributions to the solution of Hilbert’s fifth problem.

**August 1989:** To Daniel Gorenstein for his book *Finite Simple Groups, An Introduction to their Classification* (Plenum Press, 1982); and his two survey articles *The Classification of Finite Simple Groups* and *Classifying the Finite Simple Groups*, Bulletin of the American Mathematical Society, volume 1 (1979) pp. 43–199, and volume 14 (1986) pp. 1–98, respectively.

**August 1989:** To Alberto P. Calderon for his paper *Uniqueness in the Cauchy Problem for Partial Differential Equations*, American Journal of Mathematics, volume 80 (1958), pp. 16–36.

**August 1989:** To Irving Kaplansky for his lasting impact on mathematics, particularly mathematics in America. By his energetic example, his enthusiastic exposition, and his overall generosity, he has made striking changes in mathematics and has inspired generations of younger mathematicians.

**August 1990:** To R. D. Richtmyer for his book *Difference Methods for Initial-Value Problems* (Interscience, 1st Edition 1957 and 2nd Edition, with K. Morton, 1967).

**August 1990:** To Bertram Kostant for his paper, *On the existence and irreducibility of certain series of representations*, Lie Groups and their Representations (1975), pp. 231–329.

**August 1990:** To Raoul Bott for having been instrumental in changing the face of geometry and topology, with his incisive contributions to characteristic classes, K-theory, index theory, and many other tools of modern mathematics.

**August 1991:** To Jean-François Trèves for *Pseudodifferential and Fourier Integral Operators*, Volumes 1 and 2 (Plenum Press, 1980).

**August 1991:** To Eugenio Calabi for his fundamental work on global differential geometry, especially complex differential geometry.

**August 1991:** To Armand Borel for his extensive contributions in geometry and topology, the theory of Lie groups, their lattices and representations and the theory of automorphic forms, the theory of algebraic groups and their representations and extensive organizational and educational efforts to develop and disseminate modern mathematics.

**January 1993:** To Jacques Dixmier for his books *von Neumann Algebras (Algèbres de von Neumann)*, Gauthier-Villars, Paris (1957); *C\*-Algebras (Les C\*-Algèbres et leurs Représentations)*, Gauthier-Villars, Paris (1964); and *Enveloping Algebras (Algèbres Enveloppantes)*, Gauthier-Villars, Paris (1974).

**January 1993:** To James Glimm for his paper, *Solution in the large for nonlinear hyperbolic systems of conservation laws*, Communications on Pure and Applied Mathematics, XVIII (1965), pp. 697–715.

**January 1993:** To Peter D. Lax for his numerous and fundamental contributions to the theory and applications of linear and nonlinear partial differential equations and functional analysis, for his leadership in the development of computational and applied mathematics, and for his extraordinary impact as a teacher.

**August 1993 – Mathematical Exposition:** To Walter Rudin for his books *Principles of Mathematical Analysis*, McGraw-Hill (1953, 1964, and 1976); and *Real and Complex Analysis*, McGraw-Hill (1966, 1974, and 1976).

**August 1993 – Seminal Contribution to Research:** To George Daniel Mostow for his paper *Strong rigidity of lo-*

cally symmetric spaces, *Annals of Mathematics Studies*, number 78, Princeton University Press (1973).

**August 1993 – Lifetime Achievement:** To Eugene B. Dynkin for his foundational contributions to Lie algebras and probability theory over a long period and his production of outstanding research students in both Russia and the United States, countries to whose mathematical life he has contributed so richly.

**August 1994 – Mathematical Exposition:** To Ingrid Daubechies for her book, *Ten Lectures on Wavelets* (CBMS 61, SIAM, 1992, ISBN 0-8987-1274-2).

**August 1994 – Seminal Contribution to Research:** To Louis de Branges for his proof of the Bieberbach Conjecture.

**August 1994 – Lifetime Achievement:** To Louis Nirenberg for his numerous basic contributions to linear and non-linear partial differential equations and their application to complex analysis and differential geometry.

**August 1995 – Mathematical Exposition:** To Jean-Pierre Serre for his 1970 book *Cours d'Arithmétique*, with its English translation, published in 1973 by Springer Verlag, *A Course in Arithmetic*.

**August 1995 – Seminal Contribution to Research:** To Edward Nelson for the following two papers in mathematical physics characterized by leaders of the field as extremely innovative: “A quartic interaction in two dimensions” in *Mathematical Theory of Elementary Particles*, MIT Press, 1966, pages 69–73; and “Construction of quantum fields from Markoff fields” in *Journal of Functional Analysis*, 12 (1973), 97–112. In these papers he showed for the first time how to use the powerful tools of probability theory to attack the hard analytic questions of constructive quantum field theory, controlling renormalizations with  $L^p$  estimates in the first paper, and in the second turning Euclidean quantum field theory into a subset of the theory of stochastic processes.

**August 1995 – Lifetime Achievement:** To John T. Tate for scientific accomplishments spanning four and a half decades. He has been deeply influential in many of the important developments in algebra, algebraic geometry, and number theory during this time.

### The Delbert Ray Fulkerson Fund

Gifts of friends of the late Professor Fulkerson have provided a fund in excess of \$7,000. Part or all of the proceeds is to be used jointly by the Mathematical Programming Society and the American Mathematical Society for the award of one or more prizes in discrete mathematics at regular intervals.

**First award, 1979:** To Richard M. Karp, for *On the computational complexity of combinatorial problems*, *Networks*, volume 5 (1975), pp. 45–68; to Kenneth Appel and Wolfgang Haken, for *Every planar map is four colorable*, Part I: *Discharging*, *Illinois Journal of Mathematics*, volume 21

(1977), pp. 429–490; and to Paul D. Seymour, for *The matroids with the max-flow min-cut property*, *Journal of Combinatorial Theory, Series B*, volume 23 (1977), pp. 189–222.

**Second award, 1982:** To D. B. Judin and A. S. Nemirovskii, for *Informational complexity and effective methods of solution for convex extremal problems*, *Ekonomika i Matematicheskie Metody* 12 (1976), 357–369, and to L. G. Khachiyan for *A polynomial algorithm in linear programming*, *Akademiia Nauk SSSR. Doklady* 244 (1979), 1093–1096; to G. P. Egorychev, for *The solution of van der Waerden's problem for permanents*, *Akademiia Nauk SSSR. Doklady* 258 (1981), 1041–1044, and D. I. Falikman, for *A proof of the van der Waerden conjecture on the permanent of a doubly stochastic matrix*, *Matematicheskoe Zametki* 29 (1981), 931–938; and to M. Grötschel, L. Lovasz and A. Schrijver, for *The ellipsoid method and its consequences in combinatorial optimization*, *Combinatorica* 1 (1981), 169–197.

**Third award, 1985:** To Jozsef Beck, for *Roth's estimate of the discrepancy of integer sequences is nearly sharp*, *Combinatorica* 1 (4), 319–325, (1981); and H. W. Lenstra, Jr., for *Integer programming with a fixed number of variables*, *Mathematics of Operations Research* 8 (4), 538–548, (1983); and Eugene M. Luks for *Isomorphism of graphs of bounded valence can be tested in polynomial time*, *Journal of Computer and System Sciences* 25 (1), 42–65, (1982).

**Fourth award, 1988:** To Éva Tardos for *A strongly polynomial minimum cost circulation algorithm*, *Combinatorica*, volume 5 (1985), pp. 247–256; and to Narendra Karmarkar for *A new polynomial-time algorithm for linear programming*, *Combinatorica*, volume 4 (1984), pp. 373–395.

**Fifth award, 1991:** To Martin Dyer, Alan Frieze, and Ravi Kannan for *A random polynomial time algorithm for approximating the volume of convex bodies*, *Journal of the Association for Computing Machinery*, volume 38/1 (1991) pp. 1–17; to Alfred Lehman for *The width-length inequality and degenerate projective planes*, W. Cook and P. D. Seymour (eds.), *Polyhedral Combinatorics*, DIMACS Series in Discrete Mathematics and Theoretical Computer Science, volume 1, (American Mathematical Society, 1990) pp. 101–105; and to Nikolai E. Mnev for *The universality theorems on the classification problem of configuration varieties and convex polytope varieties*, O. Ya. Viro (ed.), *Topology and Geometry–Rohlin Seminar*, *Lecture Notes in Mathematics* 1346 (Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1988) pp. 527–544.

**Sixth Award, 1994:** To Lou Billera for *Homology of smooth splines: Generic triangulations and a conjecture of Strang*, *Transactions of the AMS*, volume 310 (1988) pp. 325–340; to Gil Kalai for *Upper bounds for the diameter and height of graphs of the convex polyhedra*, *Discrete and Computational Geometry*, volume 8 (1992) pp. 363–372; and to Neil Robertson, Paul D. Seymour, and Robin Thomas for *Hadwiger's conjecture for  $K_6$  free graphs*, *Combinatorica*, volume 13 (1993) pp. 279–361.



## The Ruth Lyttle Satter Prize in Mathematics

The prize was established in 1990 using funds donated by Joan S. Birman in memory of her sister, Ruth Lyttle Satter. Professor Birman requested that the prize be established to honor her sister's commitment to research and to encouraging women in science. The prizes are awarded every two years to recognize an outstanding contribution to mathematics research by a woman in the previous five years.

**First award, 1991:** To Dusa McDuff for her outstanding work during the past five years on symplectic geometry.

**Second award, 1993:** To Lai-Sang Young for her leading role in the investigation of the statistical (or ergodic) properties of dynamical systems.

**Third award, 1995:** To Sun-Yung Alice Chang for her deep contributions to the study of partial differential equations on Riemannian manifolds and in particular for her work on extremal problems in spectral geometry and the compactness of isospectral metrics within a fixed conformal class on a compact 3-manifold.

## Award for Distinguished Public Service

To provide encouragement and recognition to those individuals who contribute their time to public service activities in support of mathematics, the Council of the Society established the Award for Distinguished Public Service. The award was established in response to a recommendation by the Society's Committee on Science policy. The award is presented every two years to a research mathematician who has made a distinguished contribution to the mathematics profession during the preceding five years.

**First award, 1990:** Kenneth M. Hoffman

**Second award, 1992:** Harvey B. Keynes

**Third award, 1993:** I. M. Singer

**Fourth award, 1995:** D. J. Lewis

## Citation for Public Service

To provide encouragement and recognition for contributions to public service activities in support of mathematics, the Council of the Society established the Citation for Public Service. The award was established in response to a recommendation by the Society's Committee on Science Policy. One to three citations are presented each year for notable contributions to the mathematics profession through public service.

**First award, 1991:** Andre Z. Manitius

**Second award, 1992:** Marcia P. Sward

## Special Funds

### AMS Centennial Fellowship Fund

This fund was established by the Society in 1973 and provides one-year Research Fellowships awarded each year in March. In 1988 the Fellowship was named to honor the AMS Centennial. The number of fellowships granted each year depends on the contributions the Society receives, matched by a contribution from the Society of not more than \$50,000. Over the years the fund has been targeted at different groups. In 1995 the Council of the AMS voted to direct the fellowships toward applicants who are citizens or permanent residents of a country in North America, who will have held their doctoral degrees for at least two years at the time of the award, who do not have permanent tenure, and who will have held less than two years of research support at the time of the award.

**First award, 1974-1975:** Fred G. Abramson, James Li-Ming Wang.

**Second award, 1975-1976:** Terence J. Gaffney, Paul Nèvai, George M. Reed.

**Third award, 1976-1977:** Fredric D. Ancel, and Joseph A. Sgro.

**Fourth award, 1977-1978:** Steven Kalikow, Charles Patton, Duong-Hong Phong, David Vogan.

**Fifth award, 1978-1979:** Alan Dankner, David Harbater, Howard Hiller, Steven P. Kerckhoff, Robert C. McOwen.

**Sixth award, 1979-1980:** Scott W. Brown, Jeffrey E. Hoffstein, Jeffrey N. Kahn, James E. McClure, Rick L. Smith, Mark Steinberger.

**Seventh award, 1980-1981:** Robert K. Lazarsfeld, Thomas H. Parker, Robert Sachs.

**Eighth award, 1981-1982:** Lawrence Man-Hou Ein, Mark Williams.

**Ninth award, 1982-1983:** Nicholas J. Kuhn.

**Tenth award, 1983-1984:** Russell David Lyons.

**Eleventh award, 1984-1985:** Richard Timothy Durrett.

**Twelfth award, 1985-1986:** R. Michael Beals.

**Thirteenth award, 1986-1987:** Dinakar Ramakrishnan.

**Fourteenth award, 1987-1988:** Richard Hain, Bill Jacob.

**Fifteenth award, 1988-1989:** Stephen R. Bell, Don M. Blasius, David Gabai.

**Sixteenth award, 1989-1990:** Isaac Y. Efrat, John M. Lee, Ralf J. Spatzier.

**Seventeenth award, 1990-1991:** Michael Anderson, Carolyn Gordon, Steven Mitchell.

**Eighteenth award, 1991-1992:** Daniel Bump, Kari Vilonen.

**Nineteenth award, 1992-1993:** Krzysztof Kurdzy, William Menasco, David Morrison.

**Twentieth award, 1993-1994:** Jacques Hurtubise, Andre Scedrov, David Webb.

**Twenty-first award, 1994-1995:** Patricia E. Bauman, David E. Marker.

**Twenty-second award, 1995—1996:** Rafael de la Llave, William Gordon McCallum, Kent Edward Orr.

### **The Levi L. Conant Fund**

Levi L. Conant bequeathed a sum of \$9,500 which the Trustees incorporated with the permanent endowments for prize funds.

### **The Karl Menger Fund**

The family of the late Karl Menger were the major contributors to a fund established at Duke University totalling \$40,000. The majority of the income from this fund is to be used by the Society for annual awards at the International Science and Engineering Fair.

### **The Eliakim Hastings Moore Fund**

This fund was donated in 1922 in honor of Professor Eliakim Hastings Moore on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Chicago (Western) section of the Society. The fund is \$2,575 and the income from the fund is to be used at the discretion of the Council for the publication of important mathematical books and memoirs and for the award of prizes.

### **The C. V. Newsom Fund**

In 1990 the Society received a bequest of \$100,000 from the estate of Carroll V. Newsom. The bequest was made to memorialize John von Neumann and his accomplishments. The income from this fund is to be used to support a quadrennial symposium, called the von Neumann Symposium, that will focus on fundamental concepts in the forefront of mathematics.

### **The Program Development Fund**

In 1993 the Executive Committee and Board of Trustees (ECBT) established the Program Development Fund (formerly referred to as the General Fund). Gifts to the Program Development Fund are directed toward initiatives which address immediate needs of the mathematics community, enabling the AMS to act decisively and quickly. Contributions are matched dollar-for-dollar to a maximum of \$50,000. Programs supported are approved by the ECBT.

### **The Joseph Fels Ritt Memorial Fund**

From the estate of Estelle F. Ritt, the income from a fund of \$22,500 is available for the publication of works in the

field of mathematics as shall be determined by the governing bodies of the Society.

### **The Waldemar J. Trjitzinsky Fund**

The Society received a bequest from the estate of Waldemar J., Barbara G., and Juliet Trjitzinsky, the income from which is used to assist students who have declared a major in mathematics at a college or university that is an institutional member of the AMS. These funds help support students who lack adequate financial resources and who may be in danger of not completing the degree program in mathematics for financial reasons. Each year the Society selects four geographically distributed schools who in turn make one-time awards of roughly \$2,500 each to beginning mathematical students to assist them in pursuit of careers in mathematics.

### **Friends of Mathematics Fund**

A Friends of Mathematics Fund has been created to incorporate monetary gifts to the Society of a general nature. The principle of this fund is now \$123,572. The proceeds of the fund are a part of the invested assets of the Society. The following gifts are components of this fund: \$1,000 from the estate of Professor Ernest William Brown; \$1,000 from the estate of Geneva B. Hutchinson; \$3,000 from Solomon A. Joffe; \$650 from the estate of Professor Helen A. Merrill; \$23,600 from the estate of Dean Marion Reilly; \$1,000 from the estate of James K. Whittemore; and \$2,700 from an anonymous donor.

# Statistics on Women Mathematicians Compiled by the AMS

At its August 1985 meeting, the Council of the AMS approved a motion to regularly assemble and report in the *Notices* information on the relative numbers of men versus women in at least the following categories: membership in the AMS, invited hour addresses at AMS meetings, speakers at special sessions at AMS meetings, percentage of women speakers in AMS Special Sessions by gender of organizers, and members of editorial boards of AMS journals.

It was subsequently decided that this information would be gathered by determining the sex of the individuals in the above categories based on name identification and that additional information on the number of Ph.D.s granted to women would also be collected using the AMS-IMS-MAA Annual Survey. Since name identification was used, the information for some categories necessitated the use of three classifications:

**Male:** names that were obviously male;

**Female:** names that were obviously female;

**Unknown:** names that could not be identified as clearly male or female (e.g., only initials given, non-gender-specific names, etc.)

The following is the tenth reporting of this information. Updated reports will appear annually in the *Notices*.

## Invited Hour Address Speakers at AMS Meetings (1985-1994)

Male:	371	88%
Female:	47	11%
Unknown:	4	1%
Total checked:	442	

## Speakers at Special Sessions at AMS Meetings (1990-1994)

Male:	5,770	82%
Female:	695	10%
Unknown:	541	8%
Total checked:	7,006	

## Percentage of Women Speakers in AMS Special Sessions by Gender of Organizers (1994)

### Special Sessions with at Least One Woman Organizer

Total number of speakers:	280	
Male:	217	78%
Female:	43	15%
Unknown:	20	7%

### Special Sessions with No Women Organizers

Total number of speakers:	1,198	
Male:	992	83%
Female:	128	11%
Unknown:	78	6%

## Members of the AMS Residing in the U.S.

Male:	14,300	71%
Female:	3,622	18%
Unknown:	2,213	11%
Total checked:	20,135	

## Trustees and Council Members

	1994	1993	1992	1991
Total:	49	51	51	50
Male:	35 71%	39 76%	42 82%	45 90%
Female:	14 29%	12 24%	9 18%	5 10%

## Members of Editorial Boards of AMS Journals

	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985
Total:	176	177	178	169	183	194	161	133	109	102
Male:	161 91%	159 90%	163 92%	156 92%	171 93%	182 94%	148 92%	125 94%	104 95%	94 92%
Female:	15 9%	18 10%	15 8%	13 8%	12 7%	11 6%	13 8%	8 6%	5 5%	8 8%

## Ph.D.s Granted to U.S. Citizens

	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985
Total:	469	526	430	461	401	411	363	362	386	396
Male:	345 74%	381 72%	327 76%	349 76%	312 78%	313 76%	287 79%	289 80%	304 79%	315 80%
Female:	124 26%	145 28%	103 24%	112 24%	89 22%	98 24%	76 21%	73 20%	82 21%	81 20%