

## Extreme Values with Pipe Cleaners – Class Handout

Below are several descriptions of functions. For each description, use a pipe cleaner to try to make the graph of a **continuous** function fitting the description. Call the  $x$ -value of the left end of your pipe cleaner  $a$  and the  $x$ -value at the right end  $b$ .

Note: Some are possible to create, but others may be impossible. For those that are possible, make a small sketch of the graph of your function on your paper in the space provided. For those that are impossible, give a brief explanation about why you found it impossible.

1. A function whose global maximum over  $[a, b]$  is at  $x = b$ , and whose global minimum over  $[a, b]$  is at  $x = a$ .
2. A function whose global maximum over  $[a, b]$  is at a critical point in  $(a, b)$ , and whose global minimum over  $[a, b]$  is at one of the two endpoints, either  $a$  or  $b$ .
3. A function whose global maximum over  $[a, b]$  is at a critical point in  $(a, b)$ , and whose global minimum over  $[a, b]$  is at an inflection point in  $(a, b)$ .
4. A function whose global extrema (maximum and minimum) over  $[a, b]$  are not located at endpoints.
5. A function whose global extrema over  $[a, b]$  are not located at critical points of the function.
6. A function whose global maximum over  $[a, b]$  is at an endpoint, and whose global minimum over  $[a, b]$  is neither at an endpoint nor a critical point.
7. Based on the observations above, what can we say about where global extrema can occur for a function defined on a closed interval  $[a, b]$ ?