Gregory C Verchota*, Dept. of Mathematics, Syracuse University, 215 Carnegie, Syracuse, NY 13244. Noncoercive sums of squares in $\mathbb{R}\left[x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}\right]$.

Positive definite forms $f \in \mathbb{R}\left[x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}\right]$ which are sums of squares of forms of $\mathbb{R}\left[x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}\right]$ are constructed to have the additional property that the members of any collection of forms whose squares sum to $f$ must share a nontrivial complex root in $\mathbb{C}^{n}$. (Received January 12, 2009)

