1147-57-35 Nathan M Dunfield* (nmd@illinois.edu) and Jacob Rasmussen. An $SL(2, \mathbb{R})$ Casson-Lin invariant and applications.

When M is the exterior of a knot K in the 3-sphere, Lin showed that the signature of K can be viewed as a Casson-style signed count of the SU(2) representations of $\pi_1(M)$ where the meridian has trace 0. This was later generalized to the fact that signature function of K on the unit circle counts SU(2) representations as a function of the trace of the meridan. I will define the SL(2, \mathbb{R}) analog of these Casson-Lin invariants, and explain how it interacts with the original SU(2) version via a new kind of smooth resolution of the real points of certain SL(2, \mathbb{C})-character varieties in which both kinds of representations live. I will use the new invariant to study left-orderability of Dehn fillings on M using the translation extension locus I introduced with Marc Culler, and also give a new proof of a recent theorem of Gordon's on parabolic SL(2, \mathbb{R}) representations of two-bridge knot groups. This is joint work with Jake Rasmussen. (Received November 02, 2018)